SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1889.

SIX DOLLARS PER QUARTER

Banks.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL\$7,500,000, RESERVE FUND 4,300,000. RESERVE LIABILITY OF \

COURT OF DIRECTORS :-CHAIRMAN-W. H. FORBES, Esq. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN-H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq. W. G. BRODIE, Esq. | S.C.MICHAELSEN, Esq. J. S. Moses, Esq. L. Poesnecker, Esq. T. E. DAVIES, Esq. I. F. HOLLIDAY, Esq. N. A. Sikbs, Esq. Hon. I.J. KESWICK. E. A. SOLOMON, Esq. Hon. B. LAYTON.

> CHIEF. MANAGER Hongkong-G. E. NOBLE, Esq. MANAGER.

SHANDHAI--JOHN WALTER, Esq. LONDON BANKERS-LONDON AND COUNTY BANK.

HONGKONG-INTEREST ALLOWED. N CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT at the rate of 2 per cent, per Annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS :--For 3 months, 3 per Cent. per Annum. For 6 months, 4 per Cent. per Annum, For 12 months, 5 per Cent. per Annum. LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted. DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

G. E. NOBLE, Chief Manager. Hongkong, 20th May, 1889.

THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL /2,000,000.

West End Office Cockspur Street. BRANCHE E INDIA, PERSIA, CHINA, JAPAN

AND THE COLONIES.

THE BANK receives Money on DEPOSIT. Buys and Sells Bills OF EXCHANGE. ISSUES LETTERS OF CREDIT, forwards BILLS for COLLECTION, and Transacts Banking and Agency Business generally, on terms to be had on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS: Fixed for 12 months, 5 per Cent. per Annum.

ON CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS 2 per Cent. per Annum on the Daily Balance.

AGENCY DEPARTMENT: For the convenience of those returning to Europe an Agency Department has been added to | explained in Prospectus. the ordinary business of the Bank for the trans-

action of Personal Agency of every description. Pay and Pensions collected. Baggage cleared, warehoused or forwarded.

Insurances effected. ZCircular Notes and Letters of Credit issued.

AGENCY OF THE NATIONAL LIFE ASSURANCE

SOCIETY. H. A. HERBERT, Manager.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

RULES OF THE HONGKONG SAVINGS

I.—THE BUSINESS of the above BANK will be conducted by the HONGKONC AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, on their premises in Hongkong. Business Hours on WEEK-DAYS, to to 3; SATURDAYS, to to 1. 2.—SUMS LESS THAN \$1, or MORE THAN \$250 at one time will not be received. No Depositor may deposit more than \$2,500

BANK.

in any one year. 3.-DEPOSITORS in the SAVINGS BANK. having \$100, or more, at their credit may at their option transfer the same to the HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANFING CORPORATION on fixed deposit for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum interest.

4.—INTEREST at the rate of 31 %, per annum will be allowed to Depositors on their daily balances. 5.-EACH DEPOSITOR will be supplied gratis

with a PASS-BOOK, which must be presented with each payment or withdrawal. Depositors must not make any entries themselves in their PASS-BOOKS, but should send them to be written up at least twice a year, about the beginning of January and beginning of July.

6.—CORRESPONDENCE as to the Business of the Bank, if marked ON HONGKONG. SAVINGS BANK BUSINESS, will be forwarded free by the various British Post Offices in Hongkong and China.

-WITHDRAWALS may be made on demand, but the personal attendance of the Depositor or his duly appointed Agent, and the production of his Pass-Book, are FOR THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI

BANKING CORPORATION, G. E. NOBLE,

Chief Manager. Hongkong, 1st January, 1889.

NOTICE.

THE CHINA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

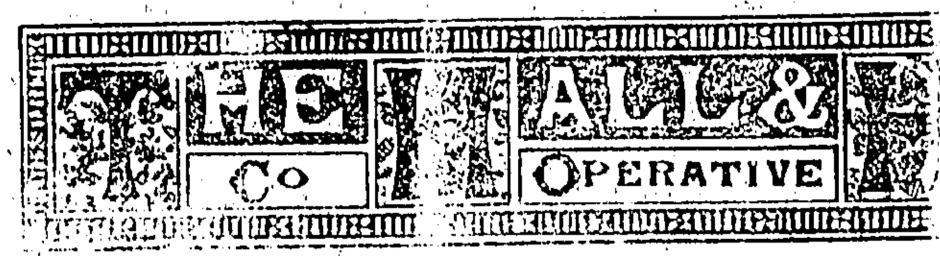
IN accordance with the Provisions, of No.,121 I of the Articles of Association the General Agents have this day declared an INTERIM DIVIDEND of 10 per cent for the Half Year ended 30th June, 1889, on the paid up Capital

of the Company. Dividend Warrants payable at the Hongkong & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION on the 26th instant, will be issued to Shareholders, on the Register on the 24th, August.

The TRANSFER HOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the noth to the 24th instant, both days inclusive. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,

General Agents, Mongkong, and August, 1889.

Entimations.





SPIRITS!! LIQUEURS!!! WINES!

TOHAND

DORT WINE, FINE FRUITY.

WINE, OLD TAWNY

SHERRIES, SHERRIES, SHERRIES.

"ST. JULIEN," "CHATEAU PALMER," "CHATEAU LEOVILLE," THE JAUNAY" CHAMPAGNE, Aglucosel Sec. Medium Dry. Pints and Quarts.

LIOUEURS.

BENEDICTINE, (D. O. M.)

CHARTREUSE, CURACOA.

GILKA KUMMEL, PEPPERMINT, (GET FRERES).

MORELL'S CHERRY BRANDY. WINE, ORANGE JAMIESONS (FINEST, VERY OLD) IRISH WHISKEY. HOT DUNVILLE'S OLD IRISH WHISKEY LOW

SPECIALLY SELECTED SCOTCH WHISKEY, "ROYAL BLEND" WHISKEY. SAZERAC DE FORGE ET FILS *** BRANDY. To which was awarded THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL at the Paris Exhibition, 1878. The H. & H. C. Co., Ltd. has the Sole Agency for China.

> "EMPIRE" ALES & STOUT, In Casks and Bottles. Brewed from the CHOICEST ENGLISH MALT and HOPS only, acknowledged to be SUPERIOR to Home Brews.

TO BALL & BOLTZ CO-OPERATIVE LAD

Hongkon - 3rd August, 1889

knsurances.

4, I,OOO STG. Payable at Age 55, or at death if previous (even if that event occurs during the first twelve months)-may be secured by a payment at the rate of !-

6 Sper quarter if commenced at age (n. b.)20 23040 645

A FTFR the Policy has been three years in force -should the Policy-holder wish to discontinue future payments-he will be entitled to receive on application a Free Paid-up Policy for proportionate amount of the Sum Assured For instance a man who had assured at 45. after five year's payments would be en itled to a Paidup Policy for £500 free of future payments, as

Note-It is an advantage to effect Provisions of this nature early in life. By delay the rate of subscription increases; Death may occur before the Provision is effected; or Health may fail and render the life ineligible for Assurance,

THE BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED. Agents.

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

LUBECK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company are pre-pared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at

CURRENT RATES. EDUARD SCHELLHASS & Co.,

Agents,

Hongkong, 6th August, 1889.

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMI ANY, LIMITED.

The above Company is prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS. oc. Policies granted to all Parts of the worl payable at any of its Agencies. WOO LIN YUEN Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE. No. 2, QUERN'S ROAD WEST. Hongkong, 1st February, 1882.

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED.) CAPITAL TAELS 600,000, 1

EQUAL TO RESERVE FUND \$318,000.00

BOARD OF DIRECTORS. LO YEUR MOON, Enq. LEF SING. Esq. LOU TSO SHUN, Esq.

MANAGER.-HO AMEL

ARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c., taker -IVI at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & o, PRAYA WEST. Hongkong, 17th December, 1885.

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF 1877 IN HAMBURG.

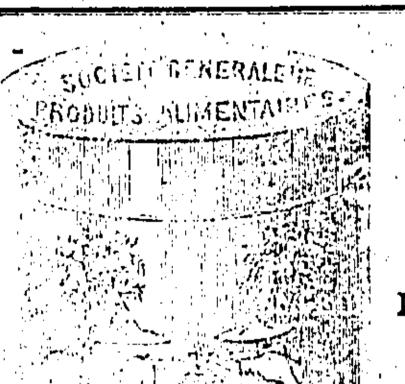
THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates. REUTER, BROCKELMANN & Co.,

Agents. Hongkong, 1st July, 1889.

GENERAL LIFE AND FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY IN LONDON.

HE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE and LIPE at Current Rates, 100 100 100 100

REUTER, BROCKELMANN & Co., Mongkong, 196 July, 1889.



SERVE CRASTIFICATION OF THE SERVE CONTROL OF THE SE

HAVE RECEIVED THEIR FIRST SHIPMENT

* NEW SEASON'S

EXTRA FINEST

BUTTER. ISIGN

in 1 b, and 2 b. Tins.

FINES I ISIGNY BUTTER in 28 b. Tins for Hotels. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hon, kong, 9th August, 1889

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

JUST LANDED.

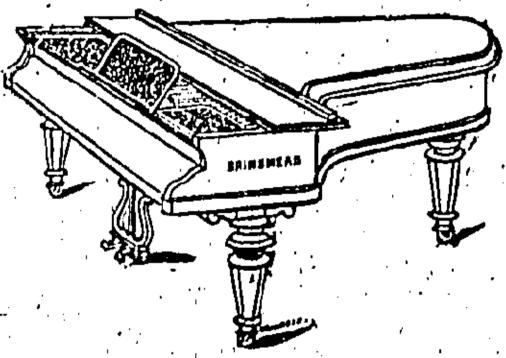
A NEW STOCK OF FIRE GRATES.

W. POWELL & CO.

Victoria Exchange, Hongkong, 9th August, 1889

JUST RECEIVED. ALARGE SHIPMENT OF

BRINSMEAD'S PIANOS.



PRICES, FROM \$300 CASH OR ON THE TWO YEARS SYSTEM FROM \$14 PER MONTH OR OTHER EASY METHODS OF PAYMENT, ' ...

> KELLY & WALSH, LIMITED, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

Hingkong, and August 1279 .

TAILORS, HATTERS, SHIRTMAKERS, AND GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS.

PREPARATORY TO RECEIVING OUR NEW AUTUMN GOODS. WE ARE OFFERING A SELECTION OF

IGHT WEIGHT COATING, in all shades; SUMMER SUITING and TROUSERING, at very much reduced prices. COAT from 810. PANTS from 85. SUIT from 815.

QUEEN'S ROAD (Opposite HONGKONG HOTEL.) Hongkong Joth July 1809

HAS JUST RECEIVED:

CPLENDID assortment Card Cases, Ladies' New Game. Parlour Cricket. Hand Bags, Pocket Books, &c. New Fancy Writing Papers. New and large assortment Toys for all ages. Tennis Bats, Demon, Champion, Tennison, &c. Tennia Balls from 2.50 per dozen. Colored India Rubber Balls. .

Glass; Port Sherry and Liqueur Glasses, \$1.50 Handsome Epergnes, Flower Vases, &c. Glass Insulators for Pianos. New Photographs of Hongkong, Macao & Cantons Splendid Japanese Paoto Albums. Honghoug, 31st July 1889

Handsome Wall Brackets and Paper Racks. Billiard Cue Tips. The newest Novels Chesp editions. Song and Music Folios, \$1 cach. Round Clocks, \$1.50 each, Handsome and new Pattern. Fancy Clocks, \$6 to \$15.

Dressing Cases. P. & O. Pocket Books, Pocket Atlas, A.B.C. Code, Ager's Standard Code, Engineering Works. Spencer's Complete Works. !: New Catalogue Postage Stamps, &c.

Shipping.

STÉAMERS.

DOUGLAS STEAM-SHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND TAMSUL THE Company's Steamship

Captain Roach, will be despatched for the above Ports, TO-MORROW, the 11th instant, at DAYLIGHT For Freight or Passage, apply to

"HAILOONG,"

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co., General Managers. Hongkong, 9th August, 1889.

FOR SHANGHAL THE Steamship

Captain Tonningsen, will be despatched for the above Port, on MONDAY, the 12th inst., at 4 P.M., instead of as previously notified. For Freight or Passage, apply to

SIEMSSEN & Co. Hongkong, 10th August, 1880

STEAM TO YOKOHAMA, VIA NAGASAKI AND KOBE (Passing through the INLAND SEA.)

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship "VERONA" will leave for the above places, on WEDNES-DAY, the 14th August, at DAYLIGHT, instead of as previously advertised.

E. L. WOODIN; Superintendent. Hongkong, 10th August, 1880.

FOR SINGAPORE, RENANG AND CALCUTTA. THE Steamship

Captain T. S. Gardner, will be despatched for the above Ports, on WEDNESDAY, the 14th

instant, at NOON. For Freight or Passage, apply to DAVID SASSOON SONS, & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 9th August, 1889. THE "GIBB" LINE.

THE Departure of the Steamship "GHAZEE." Captain Scotland, for AUSTRALIAN PORTS (VIA FOOCHOW) is postponed until further

For Freight or Passage, apply to GIBB. LIVINGSTON & Co.,

Managers.

SAILING VESSELS.

Hongkong, 10th August, 1889

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 L. I. I. American Barque "HAYDN BROWN," Havener, Master, will load here for the above

Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to REUTER, BROCKELMANN & Co.

Hongkong, 1st August, 1889. FOR NEW YORK. THE 3/3 L. I. I. American Barque

"RICHARD PARSONS," Thorndike, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, 25th July, 1889.

Mails.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY. THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA OVER LAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT -YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

THE U.S. Mail Steamship

"CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO" will be despatched for San Francisco, wi Amoy and Yokohama, on TUESDAY, the 13th August, at Noon, taking Passengers and Freight for Japan, the United States, and Europe.

Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports. to San Francisco, and Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States, via Overland Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America by the Company's and connecting Steamers. Through Passage Tickets granted to England

France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic line of Steamers. First-class Fares granted as follows: To San Francisco......\$225.00 To San Francisco and return, }

To Liverpool..... 325.00 To other European Points at proportionate rates. Special reduced rates granted to Officers of the Army, Navy, Civil Service, and the Imperial Chinese Customs, to be obtained on

and Connecting Lines, Central Pacific, Northern Pacific or Canadian Pacific Railways. Passengers, who have paid full fare, re-embark-ing at San Francisco for China or Japan (or vice versa) within one year will, be allowed a discount of 10 per cent. This allowance does

Passengers by this line have the option of

proceeding Overland by the Southern Pacific

not apply to through fares from China and Japan to Europe. Freight will be received on board until 4 P.M. the day previous to sailing. Parcel Packages will be received at the Office until 5 P.M. same day : ali Parcel Packages should be marked to ad-

dress in full; value of same is required. Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo destined to Points beyond San Francisco, in the United States, should be sent to the Company's Offices in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company. No. 50A, Queen's Road Central. C. D. HARMAN.

Hongkong, 10th August 1889

of Lading for the principal places in

August, 1889. (Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left at the AGENCY's Office). Contents and Value of Packages are required. The Steamer has splendid Accommodation and carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

Agentr

Mails.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO JAPAN, CANADA, THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE,

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY AND OTHER CONNECTING RAILWAY LINES & STEAMERS.

THE British Steamship

"PORT'FAIRY," Tons Register, Clark, Commander, will be despatched for VANCOUVER, B.C., via NAGASAKI (through the INLAND SEA)
KOBE & YOKOHAMA, on THURSDAY, the

15th August, at NOON. To be followed by the S.S. "ABYSSINIA," on the 20th August and S.S. "BATAVIA" on the 12th Sept.

Connection will be made at Yokohama with Steamers from Shanghai and Japan Ports, and at Vancouver with Pacific Coast Points by the regular Steamers of the Pacific Coast Steamship

Company and other Steamers.... Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines

of Steamers. First-class Fares granted as follows :--To Vancouver and Victoria...(Mex.)\$210.00 To all Common Points in Canada 275.00 and the United States To Liverpool 320.00

To London..... 325.00 To other European Points at proportionate rates. Special reduced rates granted to Officers of the Army, Navy, Civil Service, and the Imperial Chinese and Japanese Customs, to be obtained on application. Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo des-

tined to Points in the United States, should be sent to the Company's Offices, addressed to Mr. D. E. BROWN, District Freight Agent, Vancouver, B.C. Freight will be received on board until 4 P.M.

should be marked to address in full; and the same will be received by us until 5 P.M. the day previous to sailing. For information as to Passage or Freight,

All Parcels must be sent to our Office and

ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents. Hongkong, 1st August, 1880.

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAM-

SHIP COMPANY. TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES,

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA, AND EUROPE: THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS,

ATLANTIC AND OTHER CONNECTING STEAMERS.

on the 14th August.

apply to

THE Steamship "GAELIC" will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama, on MONDAY, the 26th August,

Connection will be made at Yokohama with Steamers from Shanghai and Japan Ports. All PARCEL PACKAGES should be marked to address in full; and the same will be received at

the Company's Office until FIVE P.M. the day previous to sailing. First-class Fares granted as follows:--: To San Francisco.....\$225.00 To San Francisco and return, 393 75

available for 6 months......

To Liverpool 325.00 To other European Points at proportionate rates. Special reduced rates granted to Officers of the Army, Navy, Civil Service and the

Imperial Chinese Customs, to be obtained on

application. Passengers by this line have the option of proceeding Overland by the Southern Pacific and Connecting Lines, Central Pacific, Northern Pacific or Canadian Pacific Railways. Passengers, who have paid full fare, re-embark-

ing at San Francisco for China or Japan (or vice versa) within one year will be allowed a discount of 10 per cent. This allowance does not apply to through fares from: China and Japan to Europe. Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo destined to Points beyond San Francisco, in the

Offices, addressed to the Collector of Customs, San Francisco. For further information as to Freight on Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company. No. 50A, Queen's Road Central.

United States, should be sent to the Company's

Hongkong, 7th August, 1880. NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

NOTICE.

C. D. HARMAN,

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, BRINDISI, GENOA, ANT-WERP, BREMEN AND HAMBURG, PORTS IN THE LEVANTE, BLACK SEA AND BALTIC

LONDON, NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

THE COMPANY'S . STEAMERS WILL CALL AT SOUTHAMPTON TO LAND PASSENGERS AND LUGGAGE N.B .- Cargo can be taken on through Bills

N WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of August, "PREUSSEN," Captain O. Pohle, with MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPECIE and CARGO. will leave this Port as above, calling at GENOA. Shipping Orders will be granted till 10 a.m. Cargo will be received on board until r p.m., Specie and Parcels until 10 a.m., on the 28th of

For further particulars, apply to MELCHERS & Co.

Hongkong, 6th August, 1880.

Untimations.

DAKIN'S UNRIVALLED OLD SCOTCH WHISKY

BLEND OF THE FINEST WHISKIES

that Scotland can produce.

Thoroughly Matured. Per Dozen \$10.

. SOLD ONLY BY DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA LIMITED. CHEMISTS,

AERATED WATER

MANUFACTURERS, HONGKONG.

(Telephone No. 60.) Hongkong, 23rd July, 1889.

. S. WATSON & CO., LD.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

N drawing attention to our special preparakind of the best description only. No other quality is kept in Stock. Our long experience and intimate acquaintance with the Trade and the best sources of supply enable us to purchase direct from the Producers on the very best terms, and thus gives us an advantage which enables us to offer our Constituents the benefit of a considerable reduction in the price of all Specialities of our own Manufacture or putting up, as compared with similar articles sold elsewhere.

WATSON'S IODISED SARSAPARILLA PREPARED FROM THE FINEST RED IAMAICA SARSAPARILLA. (Evaporated "In Vacuo,")

and containing in each drachm one grain of Indide of Potassium. These medicines combined have long ranked as the most certain alteratives known, being indicated in all diseases of the skin, and in affections arising from poverty or impurity of

the Blood. Price-8.oz. Bottles 1.50 each, 15.00 per dozen 2.50 , 24.00 , 1

> WATSON'S FLUID EXTRACT

TARAXACUM AND PODOPHYLLUM. This preparation will be found a satisfactory and reliable remedy in all cases of sick-headache and biliousness when the bowels and liver are sluggish from climatic or other causes. In Bottles \$1 and \$1.50 each.

> WATSON'S TASTELESS ELIXIR

CASCARA SAGRADA acts as a "Tonic Laxative" and establishes regularity in chronic Constinution. In Bottles \$1 and \$1.50 each.

> WATSON'S VIN DE QUINQUINA.

This Wine possesses the tonic and anti-febrifuge proprieties of the well-known Cinchona Quinquina or Jesuit's Bark, combined with the strengthening qualities of the finest Port Wine. Prepared from the finest selected Bark and a blend of our well-known "Invalid Port," it is an invaluable summer tonic and appetizer, especially adapted for use of Convalescents from Malarial

> WATSON'S QUININE AND IRON

In Bottles \$1.50 each.

This Tonic is strongly recommended in all diseases characterized by Anamia. Weakness, and for promoting and restoring a healthy appetite and imparting strength and vigour to

In Bottles \$1 and \$1.50 each.

Fevers, and other climatic diseases.

WATSON'S AROMATIC QUININE WINE. An agreeable preparation of the Sulphate of Duinine in combination with Aromatics. Eminently useful as a Tonic in cases of Debility resulting from Fever, enervating effects of cli-

Price \$1 per Bottle. A. S. WATSON & Co., Limited. THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY. Hongkong, China and Manila.

The Pougkong Gelegruph

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1889.

TELEGRAMS.

THE SENSATIONAL POISONING CASE, LONDON, August 8th. Mrs. Elizabeth Maybrick, charged with the

murder of her husband, has been convicted and sentenced to death.

POLITICAL The situation in Crete has become serious, Greece is making naval preparations.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

SHARE business, for the time being, practically

THE City of Rio de Janeiro is underlined to call at Amoy. She will leave here on the 13th, at noon.

JAPAN has now 1,000 miles of railway complete and at work, and nearly the same length under construction. So far, every mile has proved profitable.

THE King of Macao's special levée to-morrow will be numerously attended. Quite a crowd of "the boys" went over this afternoon to have an early interview with His Majesty.

WE read that Prince Albert Victor, vulgarly known as "Collars and Cuffs," attired as an officer of the 10th Hussars, recently presented new colours to the Black Watch at Belfast. The universal seminine verdict was "He has stays

A GOOD-NATURED Chinaman who passed a chew "of opium to a pal in the dock at the Police Court this morning found himself inside the sacred enclosure about a brace of shakes later, and in the end was fined \$2. "He who giveth to the

To-Morrow morning between 9 and 10.30 to know that to-day, being the 14th day of the o'clock the steam-launch carrying the Bethel 7th moon, is the anniversary in which Yen-Loflag will call alongside any vessel hoisting code | wang, the Chinese Pluto, orders the gates of pennant C, to convey men ashore to 11 a.m. Hades to open, whereby the denizens of the

A REGULAR meeting of Perseverance Lodge, No 1165, will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Zetland Street, on Friday, the 16th instant, at 8.30 for on m. precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially

WE learn that the applications for shares in the proposed Peak Residences, Limited, have faller far short of what was anticipated, and that in consequence, the Directors have decided to abandon the project. Money is a very scarce commodity in the colony just at present.

No foreigners seem to have suffered by the earthquake in Japan. According to investigations so far made, the damage caused by the earthquake in Kumamoto town was: 22 houses totally destroyed, '16 partly destroyed,' 7 bridges destroyed, a nersons crushed to death, 6 wounded. persons killed and 13 injured.

THERE was one incident in connection with the magisterial inquiry at Liverpool into Mr of the case, caused some little amusement. the examination of a witness, the clerk of the court, repeating her former deposition before the what are you?" "I am a housemaid."

to do more good than the services of whole armies of sanitary inspectors, and the experiment might be tried in this colony on some of the grasping landlords of evil-smelling slums which are unfit for human habitation.

THE Chilians have evidently discovered the secret of longevity. From a recent return i appears that nearly 500 persons out of a total of 2.500,000 are upwards of a hundred years old, One man puts his age down at 150, making himself the oldest man in the world. After him comes a woman aged 138; two women and one man report themselves as 135; 132, 130, and 127 each have a representative, while there are seven 125 year old, eight 120, twenty seven 115 and no less than ninety-one aged 110. But they are mostly coloured persons. The whites in Chili are cut down like flowers at the early age

A PARISIAN dress-maker has hit upon a new way of being revenged for old debts. Meeting one of her customers (of course in the now notorious Rue du Caire at the Exhibition) she accused her of having robbed her, and the lady was given into custody. At the station dress-maker complacently explained that she had not been robbed at all, and that this was only her pleasant little way of getting even with her customer who owed a long bill, upon account of which nothing had been paid for a considerable time. But French law does not look benevolently upon practical jokes, and the dress-maker is to

THAT highly-interesting old woman's friend the Messenger, in its number for August, gives some interesting details. Three lady missionaries have added to their families, and therefore to the family income; two or three more have found affinities, and are now carrying on "the good work" in couples, and the worthy old party, who tried to convert Li Hung-chang has gone all the way to Pekin to tell the other missionaries all about the Franco-German war, with little anecdotes about Waterloo. It must have been a "refreshing" time. Several of the doctrine disseminators are in Shan-si, destroying idols and distributing Prayer-books to a hungry race that can't read.

ANOTHER instance of the boundless liberality of | not lost, but remain in mid-air until some ghost Queen Victoria is heralded abroad for the benefit of the admirers of our venerable, but somewhat close fisted potentate. The royal lady was so pleased with her recent visit to San Sebastian that she decided to bestow upon the city some adequate mark of the great pleasure she had derived from her sojourn. After due deliberation a blue vase decorated with brilliant-hued flowers was selected and sent to the authorities of San Sebastian, with much pomp and ceremony, and by them accepted, with all due gratitude to the wealthy donor. Whether the gift cost the Queen as much as the India shawls which she is so lavish with is not stated.

MORE "opinions of the Press" re the Ropes "Corner" case. The Chinese Times put it this way :-- "The share gambling seems to be largely carried on by clerks in mercantile houses, who employ an army of brokers, organize ingenious combinations, and carry on an immense speculative business, sufficient, one would think, to occupy their whole time and engross their thoughts. The salaries they receive must appear the merest pittance in comparison with the vast amounts for which they are constantly signing cheques, but small as the pay may be it is difficult to see how they find time to earn it. Transactions at whose magnitude the uninitiated would stand aghast seem to be every-day affairs in Hong-

UNLESS rumour lies, a certain local solicitor intends to favor us with a writ, in which we are alleged to have been guilty of libel in our editorial of the 7th inst., referring to the meeting of the Hongkong. Canton and Macao Steamboat Company. The gentleman takes to himself our remark that the speech of one of the shareholders was "evidently concocted by some addle-headed solicitor who is not a lawyer." We don't object; if the cap fits this legal luminary he can wear it without any objection on our part. But he would not be the only addle-headed solicitor in the colony by a very long way And it may interest injured innocence to know that we wouldn't mind one or two extra libe actions just now : it is very rarely we have time nowadays to train for this business, but with one case on hand we might just as well have half a dozen. Now, who's next?

THE recent discussion on the so-called "Royal | Grants" reminds us that the Duke of St. Albans | Mongolia, and Hel Lung Kiang, to the east draws £1000 a year from the British Treasury | round Kirin, for 10,000 11. Her left eye looks as Hereditary Grand Falconer. "One day covetously at Corea, her right at Mongolia." Charles II. went to visit his charming Nell She crouches ready to spring on our Central Gwynne and found her in a sour mood. Come Land, and the three Eastern Provinces (Fenghither, you little bastard I' she said to her son, I'len, Kirin, Hei Lung Kiang), lie nearest to her upon which the King remonstrated with her on extended claws. Her Siberian railways reaches her plainness of speech. But Nell knew what | through to Petropau (7) which enables her to she was about. I have no other name to call move ticops eastward in case of war, with a him by, said she, sorrowfully. The Merry Monarch took the hint, and created the boy Earl of Burford, and afterwards Duke of St. Albans. He also made him Master of the Hawks, with allowances for falconers, pigeons, and other meats to feed the fowls with." Falconers, to Ninguta in Kirin, [Lat. 44 25', Long. 129 hawks, and pigeons have long since gone, but the Dukes of St. Albans continue to receive their to Ili in the north part of the New Dominion £1000 a year for looking after birds which they haven't got and which for all practical purposes are as extinct as the moa.

A GHOSTLY FESTIVAL.

It may perhaps interest some of our readers visit the access of their former exploits when builders of a railway will find none of the opposi- I revered sovereign.

the time when the ponderous gates of the City of Shades shall be opened, clashing with the noisy clang of brazen bolts and iron bars whose echoes are said to reach down to the eighteenth storey of Infernus, giving notice to those unfortunates in the lowest depths that now is the time for them to stretch their limbs and brea he once more the fresh air of the upper regions. The tradition will not be complete if "an entertainment be not forthcoming at the expense of the gods! for to find a way into an Oriental's heart obtains the same as that into an Occidental's, namely, a good feed. So Kwan Yin, i.e. the Hearer of Prayers, is credited with laying out at each anniversary "refreshments regardless of expense for the benefit of the famishing inhabitants of the lower regions. But the Hearer of Prayers, being a woman, is liable, when acting as In Akita Gun: 32 houses totally destroyed, 15 hostess, to insulf, for the rowdy element is always strongest in a mob, be it a terrestrial or a spectral one, and so jupiter allows the Hearer of Prayers to cast forth her maiden form and in lieu thereof to assume the terrific aspect of Maybrick's death, which, in spite of the gravity | bushy-whiskered god with manifold colors on his broad countenance. To obtain a picture of this god, one can easily do so by calling any fine day at the theatres where the acting is of an coroner, said, "You are a domestic servant?" acrobatic nature. Having assumed the form "No. sir." she indignantly replied "Then and lineaments of a ferocious looking god, and armed with an octagonal shaped club, the benevolent hostess, the Hearer of Prayers, dispenses An English jury has just awarded a tenant £70 | hospitality to millions, aye, and a hundre damages against the landlord of a house in which billions of Kwai. These being awed into good the resided, the insanitary condition of which behaviour by such a "heart-terrifier," finish tions, we beg to state that we continue to | caused everal members of the plaintiff's family | their 'chow quietly, and then go about roaming import Drugs, Chemicals, and Goods of every to contract typhoid fever. This verdict is likely over the vast regions of the empire of China until the dawn of the succeeding day, wher Aurora in her fiery chariot will drive them back to their late quarters to wait patiently for the coming of another anniversary. To assist the gracious Hearer of Prayers in her dispensation of charity, all Chinese believers in Buddhism therefore enter into the spirit of the thing, and in addition to food, make paper sycces, clothes, and every necessary that a Celestial may require to take back with him into his infernal abode These are then burnt, and the smoke arising therefrom is immediately seized by the awaiting ghosts, which in their hands is said to turn into the original form before fire has consumed them. Ghosts are not exempt in Chinese folk-lore from the passions which were theirs when living, and so such indiscriminate giving away of the "good things of this world? naturally cause fights and battles, in which, as usual, the weak have to succumb to the strong So although the Hearer of Prayers in her assumed form of a "heart-terrifier" presides over the picnic, like a veritable "schoolmarm; she cannot be everywhere at the same time For instance, while looking benignly over Dorcas society's distribution in Canton, sh could hardly be at the same time knocking away right and left with her baton in the midst of mob-fight in Peking, arising from a gambling dispute amongst degenerate ghosts who had go a lot of money collected at the sacrificia ceremonies of a rich mandarin; and so police courts are organized in Hades the next day, and if one is curious enough, by applying his ear to any fissure in the earth, he can easily hear the wailing and cries of ghostly delinquents suffering from a wholesale application of iron whip administered by the servants of Pluto.

To our questions as to the reason why people here burn their offerings so many days before the actual time of the anni versary, we received the answer that this was done for convenience sake. A propitious day being picked out of the almanac, families burn their offerings first for the benefit of th ghosts who are not related to them by ties o kindred, in order that they might be free ("entertain" their "blood relations who wen before," on the night of the anniversary. B burning beforehand, however, the offerings are across them and by contact turns then into clothes or money, or whatever they might have been originally.

RAILWAYS IN CHINA.

Another of the great satraps of China has submitted to the Emperor his views on railways This is Huang Peng-nien, Acting Governor of Kiangsu, He says :-

(1) China now finds herself in a different position vis-à-ris the world from any which she has occupied during the last 4,000 years. Europe and Asia are now united in a way that they have never been before, and this union has been effected by no sudden exertion of force, but by a natural and gradual development of events. return to her old isolation would be now a hopeless task for China, and while preserving those great principles which have given her preeminence in the past, she must now assimilate to herself, circumspectly and discriminatingly so much of the spirit of the age as will prevent her from being outwitted and exploited by her astute Western competitors.

(2) Of material results of this working of the spirit of the age, she has already equipped herself with four :- steamers, telegraphs, machinery, and schools of technical education. According to Western views, steamers, railways, and telegraphs form a triad, the omission of one member of which goes far to nullify the advantages conferred by the other two. The three are inseparably connected in the Western mind as the conquerors of time and space, the benefactors of peoples, and enrichers of States. To say that China should go without railways while England France, and Russia have them, simply shows ignorance of what is going on in the world around one. England holds Burma her grasp: France clutches Annam: our outer hedges are broken down, and suspicious characters are in our compound looking at our doors and windows with measuring eye But the most immediate danger lies not south but north and east. Although we are raising the New Dominion to a Province, we have still only a telegraph in Kirin, while in the New Dominion we have not even that. Russia over laps us to the north round the New Dominion rapidity which is a striking contrast to our own slowness.

(3) The first railways that China should build therefore, should be one from Tlentsin to Shan Hai Kuan, thence on to Hei Lung Klang, another Lo'l, a third north west from Shensi and Kanau [Lat. 43 0 46', Long 82 0 30'], and a fourth to Kashgar in the Nan-lu. We shall then be able to send troops, money, etc., anywhere in our Empire within ten days, and besides that, we shall be able to found prosperous colonies, in these outlying regions, of people who in Chine proper are only a starving proletariate and a source of trouble to the Government, but who, once transplanted thither, will be able to find a fruitful field for their now unemployed labour, and will turn the desert into a garden, which is

clothed in the "garb of the flesh." Sunset is | tion which they meet from owners of houses, fields, and graves in the Riverine or Maritime Provinces. Let us, for this last reason as well as for the other more important one which I have mentioned, begin with our great work North and West, and then contiously extend our railway system southwards to Yunnan, Kuangsi, and other provinces where we have mines.

(5) Attention has lately, in consequence of the experience gained during the hostilities with France the last year when rice was treated as contraband of war, been directed anew to the Grand Canal, as a channel of rice transport more secure at all times than the comparatively inexpensive sea-route. The difficulty, however, of staying the everincreasing silting which has been going on in the Grand Canal, and the constant danger from the ungovernable Yellow River which the Canal cuts across, may well make us look around for another alternative for the sea route, and this spoils. alternative we find in the railway. From Chingklang to Tlung-chow the distance is 2,000 li; and if the funds cannot be raised all at once for a railway this whole distance, a short line might be built as a commencement between Teh-chow and Tsi-ning Fu, to connect the South with the North of the Grand Canal Ito cross the Yellow River]. The distance is only about four stations [i.e., about 400 li.]

(6) I reiterate that there is a determined opposition to a railway being built in the densely populated Riverine and Maritime Districts; and make bold to aver that it will take a long time advantages which they cannot see now. "It knocks down our houses." "It desecrates our country profits as well as what they have not | made scapegoats of. out of our hands already." Such are their cries, and such they will continue to be until they learn, by practical experience, what benefits will be brought to their own homes by a railway whose beneficent results they have calmly watched in another part of the country, where its installation has offended no one's jealousy. but until they have so learned its advantages from observing its results among their neighbours, no amount of preaching at them will persuale them that its advent among themselves will not scatter them as vagrant beggars, like the scattering of the river boatmen when sea navigation was commenced in the time of the Yuan Dynasty, or that of the dawk bungalow men when the Mings altered the

posting system. (2) I come now to the Tientsin Railway, It already reaches 180 li from Tientsin to K'ai-p'ing, and if extended from Tientsin to Tiungchow,opposed.—there would be only 200 li of line to construct. I submit that this additional short distance should be constructed,-as an experito the people's feelings by avoiding, wherever possible, encroachment on their fields, gardens, or grave yard. Where this is unavoidable, let government give compensation with no spiring hand. Let the temper in which the building of this short trial line in a thickly populated district is met, be taken as an evidence of what we may expect under similar circumstances elsewhere;

and let us guide our action accordingly. (8) I am strongly of opinion that we should be on our guard against advice, (often given with interested motives), to hasten such an important change as the building of railways in China will inevitably bring about. The construction railways in Europe has been the very gradual and cautious work of over 60 years. America was some years behind England in this work, France was some years behind Russia. Russia and France were both more than ten years behind England. England herself had the matter maturely deliberated in her Parliament fore she set her hand to the work, and the immense country of ours, which prides hersel justly on the provident circumspection with which she moves, should be the last to act with precipitation in so important a matter. Each li of railway will cost us Tis. 10,000, and if we built a railway to supersede or supplement the Grand Canal, it will stand us in Tls 20 000,000 for the whole 2 000 li from south to morth; while from east to west,-nothing under 10,000,-we must make up our minds to spend Tis. 100,000,000. China is now suffering from successive natural calamities, floods, droughts, the people are hard pushed, and even in another sphere. prosperous times, far different from these we live in, the Imperial Treasury has a limit. England's and Russia's railways have been all built b private capital of "Companies" (Kungsze); and even poor France's railways have been mainly built by private capital, assisted by governmen subsidies, a system also followed by German and America. In some instances Government borrow from their own people for such objects and call the loan a "national debt", but the only nations which have raised such a loan from foreigners are small states like Japan and Turkey Such a measure is unworthy of the prestige of

great country like China. Then again, foreigners lend to each other at percent., but foreigners when they lend to Chinese exact 8, to, or even 11 per cent The profits o middlemen or agents for these loans we have no means of accurately ascertaining; but we may assume, without much risk of error, that they are large. Let us beware of such loans, and o hypothecating Customs Revenues to pay them. or we shall find ourselves insolvent before ou railways are built. I carnestly hope that the Imperial Government will discourage all such proposals, and let us collect the necessary capital for railways as the C. M. S. N. Co. col lected it for steamers.

(9) I am still more opposed to granting to foreigners any concession in regards to the making or working of railways for a term of years. Some not only advocate this step, but even urge that al rails, oil, &c., should be purchased from abroad I recommend, on the contrary, that China's money should be spent as far as possible in China herself. By the system recommended by those who advocate the employment of foreign materials, China's money would be dispersed abroad, and there is another disadvantage, viz that should a war break out; our employes will leave us en masse, and the oil and steel rails which we import from abroad will be seized as contraband of war.

The help of foreigners will indeed be necessary in this way :- as professors and instructors | evils which are so conspicuous in Chinese social in the arts of making engines, rails, &c., &c., life, are to be found also in western lands, it is is quite understood by all concerned, and on from whom the bright, intelligent youths of of the utmost importance clearly to preceive the this point there are no illusions. The life and China will rapidly acquire all they have to points of essential contrast. One of these we teach; we shall thus in a few years have a rail- take to be that already mentioned, in that way staff complete, from the highest to the lowest members, without the need of looking to foreign with, is always to be looked for. Instances ten thousand heads, and cites a passage from nations for any assistance whatever.

was an official of Peking, I considered machinery, | characteristic, and for that reason most worthy | and | he _ deplores | the land | lost | to | the steamers, telegraphs, railways, as matters of very of notice, is the method in which ordinary cultivator of the soil. He makes a treaty secondary importance. But since I came to weddings and funerals are conducted. In China, which he secretly declares to be only a plainly on the subject. While some of my possible. All friends, of the family are may have at heart, When we compare the semarks will be considered to be those of an supposed to send in their contributions in setual condition of those who have had the innovator, I hold to the two good old conserva- the shape of money or food, and each one best opportunity to become acquainted with tive principles sconomy, and regard for the who sends in either money or food, makes it his the Chinese classics, with the teachings of service at St. Peter's Seamen's Church, returning infernal shades may have an opportunity to these classics, we gain a vivid conception of

NOTES FROM CHINESE PAPERS.

The Hongkong Was sun gives to-day two notices of reward offered by the Prefect of Shao Ching. The first one is for the capture of three men who murdered their uncle and cousin, the one meeting his death through a gun wound and the other through a blow from a club. It seemed that the victims, having lost a cow, on following its tracks found traces of it in the barn of the murderers. A dispute arising, the two men were murdered in cold blood, and although a crowd of villages attempted to help them they were kept from doing so by the sight of a couple of guns presented at them by the murderers.

. The other reward is for the capture of a band of fifteen men who, masked and disguised, entered the house of a village aristocrat and marched off with nearly a thousand dollars worth of

Two bonses who have been going the rounds of Canton collecting subscriptions for the purpose of making a grand display of "Josses" in the temple of Kwan Yin (Hearer of Prayers), mnde away with the whole amount of contributions, to, the tune of something like three hundreddollars. When the day came, for obvious reasons there was no sign of the expected display. The infuriated subscribers then came in a body and "interviewed" the Abbot of the Monastery. Peace was, however, eventually restored by the expulsion of the two defaulting bonnes, who to overcome this opposition, and that only were also condemned to beg from house to house trouble will be the result of a sudden attempt for the space of twelve months and, if possible to force the people to see those prospective to obtain enough funds for a display this time next year. The prevailing opinion amongst the mass, however, is that the Abbot was also "in graves." "It will give foreigners all the up the swim," and that the two bonnes have been

His worship Yang, District magistrate or Chehsien of Pun-yu. Canton, has made a new departure, contrary to all precedent since the founding of the world by Pwan Ku, the Chinest Creator of our terrestrial globe, but over which, nevertheless, the Editor of the Kwang Pao has gone into raptures. To facilitate the prompt appearance of the carties to a civil suit whenever the Magistrate was ready to deal out the wisdom of Solomon, he built a house adjacent to the Yamen, for the accommodation of plaintiff and defendants. Perfect liberty is accorded the litigants to go about as they please, and regulations posted at the door of the building inform the "guests" that although they are allowed full liberty, they must still, on going out of the building, report themselves to the janjtor and say at what time they are likely to return. The gates are to be opened at daylight and an extension so furiously recommended and remain so until the first watch (i.e. at dusk when the candles are lighted), when they are shut and no admittance given to any one. No beard is given to the lodgers of this queer institution, but ment. Let every possible concession be made a range of kitchens in the rear of the house, are placed at their disposal. The litigants are warned from making the house a place of dispute or a young men's debating society, for, as the magistrate adds in the notice, "I know what I am about and will dispense golden justice," Relatives are specially warned off the grounds.

> When we come to think that in China, be the lawsuits civil or criminal, both plaintiffs and defendants are invariably locked up, when once their cases are filed and heard in Court, and are kept shut up at the end of each hearing until the conclusion of the case, we shall be able to congratulate Mr. Yang on his liberal way of dealing in this matter, and especially the litigants who will then be free from the daily extortions of the Yamen underlings. When we say that litigants are invariably shut up after the first hearing, we of course are speaking on the text of Chinese law, and not in any case where the police and juilors are amenable to the influence of the almighty as the system is, it is not easy to see how it can be dollar. To the west of the yamen and inside the Magisterial Compound, the dedicator chapel of Lady Li, the patroness of Pun Yu, has been turned into a reception-room for female litigants on the same plan as that mentioned above. So long therefore as Mr. Yang remains the presiding good genius of the district of Pun Yu, so long will these two institutions flourish; but after hisdeparture to a higher post, will his successor "go and do likewise?" We fear not. 'At least we are willing to take odds against the two buildings being allowed to retain their present use after Mr. Yang has been translated to

A little girl aged six was picked up one moming lying in a corner of one of the streets Canton, by a woman on her way into the country to collect her farm rents. It was found that th poor child was very ill, suffering from small pox. With care and fresh air in the country the little foundling recovered and was then adopted by her benefactress as her own child. It has no transpired, the Kwang Pao informs us, that the little girl had been the property of a notorious procuress who, as the Chinese Editor quaintly remarks, "intended the child, a remarkabl pretty girl, to be in the future the tree which produced showers of gold when shaken "-in other words a source of wealth to the woman The tree mentioned above is a legendary one in Chinese mythology, where a poo youth is said to have fallen across the tree in much the same way as the man in or fables is said to have become the possessor the goose that laid the golden eggs. It appears that the poor girl, becoming afflicted with small pox, was treated as best she could by the procuress but all of no avail, until at last, despairing saving the child, the heartless woman placed her, apparently dying on a mat, and set her out on the streets to die, where kind-hearted Mrs Chang found her. However, after a time the news of the child's recovery and place of abode campto the ears of the procuress, who immediately went to Mrs. Chang's house to claim the chil offering at the same time the sum of \$100, for her maintenance and cure. This was refused and a forcible hint given to the procuress to " ge She went

CHINESE CHARACTERISTICS.

THE ABSENCE OF SINCERITY.

insincerity in China, while not always to be met of this have been already cited in speaking of Mencius about the sanctity of human life. He. (10) To conclude, I can appreciate the opposi- other topics, and others might be referred pockets the money given him to repair an tion of officials of Peking to railways. When I to at almost any length, One of the most embankment, and thus inundates a province; Soochow, and became an eye-witness, close at each of these occasions involves the expenditure | deception for the moment, and he declaims hand, of the gigantic changes that are going on of a great deal of money and the consumption of against the crime of perjury. Doubtless there in the conditions of life, the conviction has been a great deal of food. In each case, the family may be pure-minded and upright officials in forced upon me that the judicious introduction | which has to provide for the feasts, is regarded | China, but it is very hard to find them, and from of railways will be of benefit to China, and I by all persons concerned as a goose which the nature of their environment, they are utterly have felt it my duty to express myself thus is to be stripped of as much of its down as helpless to accomplish the good which they is as much more than what he put in, as possible, how practically inert they have been to bring

which, as in other parts of the world, are the terror and the despair of the hasts. The kitchen is at some distance from the hall in which the feast is served, and on these occasions it is well understood, that what any one can succeed in carrying off for himself, is in a manner lawful plunder. We are assured on the best authority, that in the case of rich families, it is often the case, that there is as much stolen as there is eaten, the very dishes themselves often disappearing in the confusion. But why, asks the innocent foreigner, does not the master of the house surround himself with his own people, so that he can be sure of fair treatment? The answer is, that this is exactly the root of the trouble. No family is so rich as not to have a cloud of poor relatives, and these occasions are the ones in which these poor relatives reap the only benefits which they derive from their kinship with those who are better off than themselves. If the master of the house were to exclude them altogether, they would not only steal in some other way, but they would take care to do so in such a manner, that he would be disgraced by the insufficiency of his provision, a disgrace which, it need hardly be said, he dreads more even than the loss of his goods. Well aware of this state of things, he considers it cheaper to let the pilferers have their way, which they always do. But this is by no means all. The gifts of eachguest are sent to a particular place, and an exact? entry of them is made at the time, so that the master of the house may know how much he is out of pocket when the affair is over. The most skilful writer of accounts in the village is asked to superintend the registration of the gifts, which he is generally willing enough to do. But he -does not do it for nothing. Much of the money is sent in brass cash, and it is easy to make a mistake of a few hundred in the counting, and to transfer the balance to the leg of his trousers where it will never be seen. Some of the money will be in cash notes, and if so the concealment of them is all the easier, and the accounts will be so arranged as to cover the deficit, or a name may be omitted altogether, for the guests do not go to the host with matters of this sort, If a guest is on good terms with the keeper of accounts, it is easy to make an entry of a thousand cash, which has no corresponding funds to represent it, and then to 'cover it in' with the rest, by which means a guest gets credit for a handsome contribution which was never made. It is easy to see how every one of these evils could be wholly prevented. If each guest, for example were to bring a card, which he left with the host and then send the money with a similar card to the accountant, the latter would have no opportunity to commit petty frauds, but in that case the guest would find the temptation to write a fictitious amount too strong for him, as the keeper of accounts would then certainly be suspected. Besides, the master of the house will himself be the keeper of accounts for some one else at some other time, and he perhaps doubts whether it is altogether for his own highest interest to he ge up the way too closely, In all departments of their life, family, political, and national, the Chinese act upon the assumption that too strong a pressure is sure to result in an explosion. For this reason, every prudent Chinese is, by the proverbs of everyday life, as well as by his own instincts, prevented from pressing things to extremities. An interesting volume remains to be written

In the case of women, this is easy, for each of

them attends with one or more small children,

on the theory and practice of Chinese squeezes, a practice which extends from the Emperor on his throne to the lowest beggar in the empire. With that practical sagacity for which they are so deservedly noted, the Chinese have reduced this business to a perfect system, which can no. more be escaped, than one can escape the pressure of the atmosphere. Victous and demoralising done away with, except by a complete reorganisa. tion of the empire. The results of this state of things, and of the characteristics of the Chinese which have led to this state of things, is that it is very difficult for a foreigner to have to do with the Chinese in a practical way, and on any extended scale, and yet contrive to preserve his reputation -should he be so fortunate as to have one - as a "Superior Man." It is a proverb constantly quoted, and self-verifying, that carters, boatmen inn-k epers, coolies, and middlemen, irrespective of any specific offence, all deserve to be killed on general principles. The relation of this class of persons and others like them to foreigners, is peculiar, for it is known that foreigners will consent to a great deal of imposition, rather than to have a 'social typhoon,' for which they generally lack both the taste and the talent; yet it is by the 'social typhoon' that in case of any supposed breach of equity on the part of Chinese toward Chinese, the social atmosphere is brought at last to a state of equilibrium. He must be a rare man who has no blind side upon which those Chinese who choose to do so, cannot get, Not to be too suspicious, and not to be too confiding, is a rare illustration of the golden mean. If one exhibits that just disapprobation toward insincerity and wrong-doing which it seems to demand, the Chinese, who are shrewd judges of human nature, set it down to our discredit, as a mark of 'temper,' while if we maintain the placid demeanour of a Buddha absorbed in his Nirvana, a demeanour which is not easy for all temperaments at all times-we are at once marked as fit subjects for further and indefinite exactions. That was a typical Chinese, who being in foreign employ saw one day a peddler on the street, vending little clay images of foreigners, cleverly executed and in appropriate costume. Stopping for a moment to examine them, he said to the dealer in Images;

Ah, you play with these toys; I play with the

It is unnecessary to do more than to allude in

passing to the fact that the Chinese government.

by some one who has the requisite knowledge,

so far as it is knowable, appears to be a gigantic example of the trait which we are discussing. Instances are to be found in the entire history of foreign relations with China, and one might almost say in all that is known of the relations of Chinese officials to the people. A single. but compendious illustration is to be found in those virtuous proclamations which are issued with such unfailing regularity, in such superlative abundance, with such fellcity of diction, on all varieties of subjects, and from all grades of officials. One thing only While it is undoubtedly true that many of the is lacking, namely reality, for these fine commands are not intended to be enforced. This state papers of a Chinese stateman, like the Confessions of Rousseau, abound in the finest sentiments, and the foulest deeds. "He cu's off

society to their high standard. We have already alluded to the word which is translated 'Sincerity' in the list of Five Constant Virtues. There is another character found in the Doctrine of the Mean, also rendered sincerity. and in regard to which there has been much misunderstanding and dispute. In his essay on the notions of the Chinese concerning God and Spirits, Dr. Legge cites a work by a Sung dynasty writer, the title of which is "The perspicuous explanation of the Four Books," "Sincerity," says the author, "is the hinge of the Chung Yung, and we find it for the first time in this chapter. The scholars of the Han dynasty were all ignorant of its meaning." Proceeding then to unfold the history of the exceesis of this word, the author at last clarifies the matter by the following announcement "Sincerity is the principle of order, according to which the active-passive, primordial substance produces and transform the reductions." The reduction of the simple term 'sincerity,' to s purely technical expression, like principle of order, is noteworthy. It shows to what extremity of interpretation the commentators were driven. No wonder that the Rev. David Collie, the first translator of the Clas ics, when he considered the extraordinary predicates attached to 'sincerity' in the Doctrine of the Mean, exclaimed in despair, "What is this Sincerity?" and is it any wonder if the unsympathetic foreigner should give it up as a Sphinx riddle, and infer from the circumstance that it is said to have 'no sound nor smell,' that even in classical times there was not enough of it for a sample; or if he should be led to suppose from its predicate of entire ceaselessness, combined with its practical non-existence, that it is s merely theoretical expression, like the sign for infinity, denoting 'Equilibrium and Harmony in perfection.' Whatever it was, it is at present as extinct as the dodo, and with no greater prospect of resuscitation. "How many Chinese have you ever known

whom you would implicitly trust?" This question must be understood to relate only to those who have come under no influences outside of regular Chinese education. Different replies will be given by different persons according to their experience, and according to their standard of judging of Chinese character. Most foreigners would probably reply, fa very few, six or eight, a dozen,' as the case may be. Occasionally the answer will be, 'a great many, more than I can remember.1 But we must believe that intelligent and discriminating observers who can truthfully give the latter reply, are exceedingly few in number. It is always prudent to observe what things a people take for granted and act accordingly. As we have seen in the discussion of mutual suspicion as a factor in Chinese social life, the Chinese take it for granted that they are not to trust others, for reasons which they well understand. It is precisely this state of things, which makes the future of China so full of uncertainty. The governing class, as a whole, is not the best, but the worst in the empire. An intelligent Taotai remarked to a foreigner, that the officials under the Emperor are all bad men and ought to be killed, but it would be of no use to kill us, as the next incumbents would be just as bad as we. The serpent, as the Chinese adage runs, knows his own hole, and it is a significant fact, that the official class in China is profoundly distrusted by the class next below it, the mercantile. There is wealth enough in China to develop the resources of the empire, if there were but the confidence, without which timid capital will not emerge from its hiding place. There is learning enough in China for all its needs. There is no lack of talent of every description. But without mutual confidence based upon real sincerity of purpose, all these are insufficient for the regeneration of the empire. A few months ago the writer was consulted by an intelligent Chinese, in regard to the possibility of doing something for the relief of a district which has great trouble with its PERSEVERANCE LO'D GE OF Macao, 7th August, 1889. wells, which are made in the usual Chinese way, and bricked up by a wall begun from the top, and lowered as the well is despened. But in this particular locality, the soil is of such a character, that after a time the whole ground sinks, taking the well and its brick lining with II, leaving only a hole which eventually caves in and becomes dry. Like the attempt to remedy the evils of this unfortunate district in the province of Chihli, is any description to cure the ills from which China is suffering and has long suffered, which does not go deep enough to reach the roots of character. All superficial treatment will prove at last to be but burying cartloads, of excellent material in a Slough of Despond.-N. C. Daily News.

HOW PILLS ARE MADE.

THE Custom of taking medicine in the form of pills dates far back in history. The object is to enable us to swallow easily in a condensed form disagreeable and nauseous, but very useful, drugs. To what vast dimensions pilltaking has grown may be imagined when we say that in England alone about 2,000,000,000 (two thousand million) pills are consumed every year. In early days pills were made slowly by hand, as the demand was comparatively small. To-day they are produced with infinitely greater rapidity by machines especially contrived for the purpose, and with greater accuracy, too, in the proportions of the various ingredients employed.

No form of medication tean be better than a pill, provided only it is intelligently prepared. But right here occurs the difficulty. Easy as it may seem to make a pill, or a million of them, there are really very few pills that can be honestly commended for popular use. Most of them either undershoot or overshoot the mark. As everybody takes pills of some kind, it may be well to mention what a good, safe, Harbour, and reliable pill should be. Now, when one feels dull and sleepy, and has more or less pain in the head, sides, and back, he may be sure his bowels are constipated, and his liver sluggish. To remedy this unhappy state of things there is nothing like a good cathartic pill. It will act like a charm by stimulating the liver into doing its duty, and ridding the digestive organs of the accumulated poisonous matter.

"But the good pill does not gripe and pain us," neither does it make us sick and miserable for Pedder's Street, Praya. a few hours or a whole day. It acts on the entire glandular system at the same time, else the after-effects of the pill will be worse than the disease itself. The griping caused by most pills is the result of irritating drugs which they contain. Such pills are harmful, and should never be used. They sometimes even produce hemorrhoids. Without having any particular desire to praise one pill above another, we may, nevertheless, name Mother Seigel's Pills, manufactured by the well-known house of A. J. White, Limited, 35, Farringdon Road, London, and now sold by all chemists and medicine vendors, as the only one we know of that actually possesses every desi able quality, They remove the pressure upon the brain, correct the liver, and cause the bowels to act with case and regularity. They never gripe or produce the slightest sickness of the stomach, or any other unpleasant feeling or symptom. Neither do they induce

further constipation, as nearly all other pills do. As a further and crowning merit, Mother Seigel's Pills are covered with a tasteless and harmless coating, which causes them to resemble pearls. thus rendering them as pleasant to the palate as they are effective in curing disease. If you have a severe cold and are threatened with a fever, with pains in the head, back, and limbs, one or two doses will break up the cold and prevent the fever. A coated tongue, with a brackish taste in the mouth, is caused by foul matter in the stomach. A dose of Seigel's Pills will effect a speedy cure. Often-times partially decayed food in the stomach and bowels produces sickness, nausen, &c. Cleanse the bowels with a dose of these pills, and good health will

Unlike many kinds of pills, they do not make you feel worse before you are better. They are without doubt, the best family physic ever discovered. They remove all obstructions to the natural functions in either sex without any unpleasant effects.—[Advt.

SCOTT's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites is the most valuable remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, General Debility, Wasting Diseases of Children, Chronic Coughs. and Bronchilis that has ever been produced. It is very palatable; it is very fattening and strengthening. It will ease at once the most violent cough and will give both comfort and and China.-[Advl.

Co-dan's Advertisements.

WAR DEPARTMENT CONTRACT.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS are required for CONSTRUCT ING RETAINING WALL & WORKS in connection therewith at HEAD QUARTEP House in the Hongkong District.

Persons desiring to Tender for the execution of these Works, must leave their names at the Royal Engineer Office, Queen's Road East, on or before the 19th day of August, 1889. Bills of Quantities, with Form of Tender, will

be issued to each candidate. The Secretary of State for War does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender. Head Quarter Office,

Queen's Road. Hongkong, 10th August, 1889.

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THE KWOON KWAN YEEN CHALLENG!

SECOND STAGE.

HE First competition for the 2nd Stage, will take place next SATURDAY, the 17th instant, at 3.15 P.M., under the Conditions already

The entrance Fee for this stage only i.e. 30 cents (if not already paid for) must be sent to me before 5 P.M., on FRIDAY, the 16th instant. . A. SHELTON HOOPER. Hon, Secretary,

c/o Hongkong Club. Hongkong, 10th August, 1889.

HONGKONG,

REGULAR MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in FREEMASONS HALL, 'Zetland Street, on FRIDAY, the 16th inst., at 8.30 for o P.M. precisely. Hongkong, 10th August, 1880

No. 1165.

WANTED.

TOR The Hongkong Telegraph, a CAPABLE SHORT HAND REPORTER, who is a smart paragraphist and reliable proof-reader. Apply, with full particulars, to THE EDITOR,

The Hongkong Telegraph, Hongkong, 31st July, 1889.

Intimations.

TAILORS WANTED.

X TANTED, at once, 50 GOOD WORKMEN Apply, between the hours of 9 A.M. and

JAMES THOMSON, Sergeant, Master Tailor, 1/ Arg. & Suth. Hrs. Murray Barracks.

Hongkong, 9th August, 1889.

THE STEAM LAUNCH COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

COR the greater convenience of the public. arrangements are now completed for the Office of the Company to remain open until Midnight, and Sundays, where Launches can be obtained upon application to the Compradore

Launches always kept under Steam off Pedder's wharf, and are at the service of the public for proceeding to and from any Vessel in

SCALES OF CHARGES.

Day Services. Night Services.
Small Large Small Large
Launches, Launches, Launches, Launches. For First Hour ...\$3 For Second Hour..\$2 * \$2 For Every Sub- 31 sequent Hour.

Rates for Picnic, Shooting, Bathing, Private parties, towing Vessels and Cargo Hoats, for excursions to Macao, Canton, or other places, may be arranged at the Company's Office, I, A. G. GORDON,

Secretary.

Hongkong, 17th July, 1889. NOTICE.

LUZON SUGAR REFINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NTOTICE is hereby, given that the CERTI-IN FICATE for 5 SHARES in this Company numbered 3,598 to 3,602, and standing in instant. the name of Mr. C. P. CHATER on the register. is MISSING and that unless the said Certificate be produced and proof of Ownership lodged with the Undersigned by the 16th August, 1889, a NEW CELTIFICATE will be issued for the Shares. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,

General Managers. Hongkong, and August, 1889.

ntinations

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED. FANCY FAIR AT MACAO TO-MORROW

1 EVENING, the 11 h instant. CREAP EXCURSION TO MACAO

ATTAINER permitting, the "HONAM VV will leave Hongkong TO-MORROW the 11th instant, at 9 A Ma returning from Macar at MIDNIGHT...

AND BACK.

Passengers wishing to return by the "KIUNG CHOW "leaving Macao at-6-P M. can do so." Fist Class Fare to Macao and Back \$2. N Second Class or Single Fares. Chinese Ser vants, 50 Cents each way. No Chits will be

By Order of the Board of Directors, T. ARNOLD.

Hongkong, to h August, 1389 THE HONGKING AND WHAMPON DOCK The COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Certificate of 50 Shares in this Company numbered 1298/1317, 2941/5, 10,221. 7556; 2705/2717, 11,31 , 2417/2445, Standing in the Register in the name of Dr. A. S. G. MES. strength to the sufferer. It possesses the com- having been LOST, notice is hereby given that bined virtues of these popular remedies in their | a New Certificate for the said 5 . Shares will be fullest form. Any Chemist can supply it .- A. S. issued fourteen days; hence, and that the Watson & Co. (Limited), agents in Hongkong | original certificate, unless produced within that period, will thereafter be held by the Company as null and void.

D. GILLIES, Secretary. Hongkong, 6th August, 1889. HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO

STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED. NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

TOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRA ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 18 Bank Buildings, Queen's Road Hongkong, on TUESDAY the 20th August. 1889, at 3 O'CLOCK P.M., the objects and business of which meeting will be to submit for confirmation the special resolutions passed at the meeting held this day. By Order of the Board,

T. ARNOLD, Secretary. Hongkon 2, 3rd August 1885 HONGRONG AND WHEMPOA DOCK

COMPANY, LIMITED. . THE Ordinary Half Yearly MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be field in the Offices of the Company, No. 14, Praya Central on MONDAY, the 26th August, at 3 P.M., the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, a Statement of Account to 30th June,

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 12th to 26th August, both days inclusive. By Order of the Board of Directors,

D. GILLIES! Secretary.

Hongkong, 8th August, 18°9.

NOTICE.

MR. HINGKEE, of HINGKEE'S HOTEL,
Macao, begs respectfully to announce that he cannot undertake TO SUPPLY MEALS and REFRESHMENTS for Excursionists from Hongkong, the accommodation and resources of his Hotel being required for guests and regular

THE EAST BORNEO PLANTING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. TOTICE is hereby given that the CALL of

\$15 (FIFTEEN DOLLARS) a SHARE, due prior to the 28th February last, is now being made, and SHAREHOLDERS are requested to pay to the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, on or before the 16th day of August next, the amount due from them. GIBB. LIVINGSTON & Co., General Agents.

Hongkong, 15th July, 1889.

THE SONGEI KOVAH PLANTING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHARTHOLDERS.

N accordance with the Articles of Association and Pr spectus of the above Company, SHAREHOLDERS are hereby notified that a CALL of \$15 (FIFTEEN DOLLARS) a SHARE, is Payable to the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION on or before the 16th day of August next. GIBB. LIVINGSTON & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, 15th July, 1889

REMOVAL.

MATRS. BOHM'S PRIVATE BOARDING VI RESIDENCE has been REMOVED to No. 8, Queen's Road Central, opposite TELEGRAPH OFFICE. " Hongkong, 27th July, 1880.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC. T' URING the Paris Universal Exhibition of 1889, files of the "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" will be kept at the Office of our correspondents, Messrs. AMADEE PRINCE & Co., 36, Ruc Lulayette, and also at the Ravilion of the

Republic of Guatemala in the Exhibition, which may be consulted at any time by visitors from · Subscribers to this journal may have their letters, papers, etc., addressed to the care of Messis. AMADEE PRINCE & Co., whose

Hongkong, 11th March, 1889.

KOWLOON HOTEL.

J. C. L. ROUCH......MANAGER.

TX TINE and SPIRITS of the best quality. ENGLISH & AMERICAN BILLIARD TABLES, BOWLING ALLEYS, TENNIS Hongkong, 21st Jaruary, 1889.

- CANTON. THE NEW ORIFNTAL HOTEL, (FORMERLY THE CANTON HOTEL), Opposite the Steamboat Company's Wharf.

THIS HOTEL, which has been partially rebuilt and thoroughly renovated, and now offers the best accommodation for tourists and wisitors to Canton, will be re-opened on the 20th

A first class table kept, with WINES, SPIRITS, etc., of the best quality only, and the charges are extremely moderate.

A WELL FURNISHED BILLIARD ROOM: A. F. DO ROZARIO, Manager, Canton, 11th June, 1889.

Intimations.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING . CORPORATION.

N I OTICE is hereby given that the Ordinary LN: Half-yearly MEETING of the SHARE-HOLDERS in this Con oration will be held at the CITY HALL, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 24th day of August current, at 12 O'CLOCK Noon for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Court of Directors together with a Statement of Accounts to 30th June, 1889.

> By Order of the Court of Directors, G. E. NOBLE, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 1st August, 1889. HONGKONG AND SHANGHAL BANKING

CORPORATION. TOTICE is hereby given that the REGIS-TER of SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 10th to SATURDAY the 24th day of August (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors, G. E. NOBLE, Chief Manager. Hongkong, 1st August, 1889.

THE HALL AND HOLTZ CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY, LIMITED.

DRAWING OF DEBENTURES.

N TOTICE is hereby given that One Hundred Debentures in the above Company will be DRAWN for at the Head Office, Shanghai, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of August, 1889. at Eleven o'clock in the Forencon. W. HAYWARD.

ccretary.

Shanghai, 5th August, 1889.

A. G. GORDON & Co., LIMITED. THE STATUTORY GENERAL MEET ING of the above Company, will be held in the Company's Office, 1, Pedder's Street, on MONDAY, the 12th August, 1989, at 4 O'CLOCK

A. G. GORDON, General Manager. Honokone and August, 1889 PEAK HOTEL AND TRADING COMPANY LIMITED.

PPLICATIONS are invited for the Post of Secretary to the above Company. Apply by LETTER to the Office of the Com-

Hongkong, 2nd August, 1889. SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....Tls. 1,000,000 CAPITAL PAID-UPTls. 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: J. S., PURDON, Esq., Chairman, of Messrs. MAITLAND & Co. H. R., HEARN, Esq., of Messrs, Alfred DENT & Co.

JOHN WALTER, Esq., Manager the Hong-KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING COR-PORATION. A. G. WOOD, Esq., of Messrs. GIBB, LIVING-

E. J. HOGG, Esq.

STON & Co. BANKERS: THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAL

BANKING CORPORATION. OANS made on MORTGAGE ON LAND, Buildings, &c. PROPERTIES bought and sold. ESTATES MANAGED and all kinds of LAND

AGENCY and COMMISSION business conducted. GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Shanghai, 19th July, 1889. THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT

AND AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED. SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL\$5,000,000. PAII) UP CAPITAL 2,500,000. RESERVE FUND 1,250,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS. Hon. J. J. KESWICK, Managing Directors.

Vice-Chairman. E. A. SOLOMON, Esq. J. S. MOSES, Esq. 5. C. MICHAELSEN, Esq. G. E. NOBLE, Esq.

Hon. C. P. CHATER,

LEE SING, Esq. POON PONG, Esq. THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI

BANKING CORPORATION A ONEY advanced on Mortgage, on Land, \mathbf{IVI} and Buildings. Properties purchased and sold. Estates Managed and all kinds of Agency and

Commission business relating to land, etc., Full particulars can be obtained at the Company's Offices, No. 5, Queen's Road Central. A. Shelton hooper,

Secretary, Victoria Buildings. Hongkong, 3rd May, 1880.

THE DAIRY FARM COMPANY, LIMITED.

TOTICE is hereby given that 4,000 SHARES (New Issue) of \$10 each in the above Company are offered to the Public by Tender upon the following conditions.

The Company shall not be bound to accept any Tender unless such Tender be more than \$10 per share. All Tenders to be on forms to be obtained from the Company, to be accom panied by Cheque and to be forwarded in accordance with the instructions contained in the said forms on or before the Twenty-first day of August, 1889. The Tenders will be opened on services will be placed at the disposal of all the following day in the presence of two Directors, If a Tender be not accepted the amount of

cheque accompanying such Tender will be re-Payments to be made as follows: \$2 per share on tender, \$3, plus the premium, per share on receiving notice of Allotment, and the remaining \$5 one month after allotment.

The TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 14th to the 21st of August inclusive, By Order of the Board, E. W. MAITLAND.

Secretary, Dated the 7th day of August, 1889. NOTICE.

T. J. COLLACO. TYOUSE AGENT, AUCTIONEER, SHARE-II BROKER, GENERAL COMMISSION MER-

CHANT and Proprietor of the Macao Bath-house. Bathing Tickets for sale until October 31st. PRICES Beason (for married couples)\$2.00 Season (for single persons)..... 1.00

Towel 0.05 Refreshments supplied on Sunday Mornings from 4 to 8 A.M. Coffee and Biscuits Cents. Macao, 7th August, 1889.

Masonic.

ST. JOHN

No., 618, S.C. REGULAR MEETING of the above named Lodge will be held in FREEMA-SONS' HALL, Zetland Street, on MONDAY, the 12th instant, at 8.30 for 9 P.M. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited.

OF HONGKONG,

Auctions.

Hongkong, 8th August, 1889.

PUBLIC AUCTION

VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY. THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, on

TUESDAY, the 20th August, 1889, at 3 P.M., on the Spot. -

ALL THAT PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND, Registered in the Land Office as INLAND LOT No. 428, with 13 Substantial Three-Storied HOUSES newly erected thereon, and measuring North 115' 27" on Inland Lot No. 429, South, 114' 8" on Cross Street, East 99 feet on Sui Kai Lane, and West 99 square feet, and Annual Crown Rent, ceased and determined on and from the 30th day

ALL THAT PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND. Registered in the Land Office as INLAND LOT No. 420, with 14 Substantial Three-Storied HOUSEs newly crected thereon, and measuring North 115' to" on Marine Lot No. 116 South 115' 22" on Inland Lot No. 428; East 108 feet on Sui Kai Lane, and West 108 feet on Albany Street: Total Area 12.477 square feet, and Annual Crown,

Rent Styo. LL THAT PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND. Registered in the Land Office as MARINE LOT No. 116 with 13 Substantial Three-Storied HOUSES newly erected thereon. and measuring North 416' 5" on Praya East, South 115' 10" on Inland Lot No. '429, East 101 feet on Sui Kai Lane, and West 99 feet on Albany Street. Total Area 11,512 square feet, and Annual Crown Rent

The above Lots are held from the Crown for the Remaining Portion of the unexpired term of ooo years. The above Lots will be subdivided into 40

lots, which will first of all be put up and afterwards, if necessary, each of the said lots No. 116, No. 428, and No. 129, or the remaining portions thereof, will be put up as a whole. For further Particulars of the Property and Conditions of Sale, apply to

ARTHUR B. RODYK, Solicitor to Vendor, 2, D'Aguillar Street;

> C. F. HAYLLAR, Architect, G. R. LAMMERT, . Auctioneer,

Duddell Street. Hongkong, oth August, 1899.

Fansianees. NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG, AND

SINGAPORE

THE Steamship having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their goods are being landed at their risk into the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at West Point, whence delivery may be obtained.

Cargo remaining undelivered after the 15th inst., will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Consignees are hereby informed, that all claims must be made immediately, as none will be entertained after the 13th instant.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.,

Hongkong, 9th August, 1889. NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. STEAMSHIP "PREUSSEN." FROM BREMEN AND PORTS OF CALL

THE above named Steamer having arrived L Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium Treasure and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be landed here in Hong kong unless notice to the contrary be given before II A.M., TO-DAY, the 8th inst. No claims will be admitted after the Good have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining after the 15th instant, will be subject to rent. All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are

to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on WEDNESDAY, the 21st instant, All Claims must reach us before the 22nd inst., or they will not be recognised.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by MELCHERS & Co., Agents, Hongkong, 8th August, 1889.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S SETAM NAVIGATION COMPANY. NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM TRIESTE, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN, BOMBAY, COLOMBO, PENANG, AND SINGAPORE. CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the Company's Steamer

are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, are now being landed at their risk into the Godowns known as "The Hongkong Wharf and Godowas," Wanchai, whence delivery may be obtained. This vessel brings on Cargo :-

From Calcutta & Madras, ex S.S. "NIOBE," transhipped at Colombo. From Trieste, &c., ex S.S. "IMPERATOR, transhipped at Bombay. Consignees wishing to receive their Goods at the Wharf are at liberty to do so.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.,

have left the Godowns, and all claims must be sent to the Undersigned before noon, on the 9th inst., or they will not be recognized, . No Fire Insurance has been effected, and any Goods remaining in the Godowns after the 18th inst:, will be subject to rent. Bill of Lading will be countersigned by

Hongkong, 5th August, 1889.

intices of Firms.

Consent.

NOTICE. THE PARTNERSHIP hitherto existing bebetween under the Style of MORRIS & RAY has been dissolved this day by Mutual

A. G. MORRIS.

E. C. RAY.

WITH Reference to the above Mr. E. C. RAY will continue Business as SHARE, SHIP, & GENERAL BROKER. Mr. GEORGE HENDERSON WATT has been admitted a Partner and the Business will be conducted in future under the Style or Firm of RAY and WATT.

E. C. RAY. GEO. H. WATT.

HAVE this day commenced business as a SHARE & PROPERTY BROKER & GENERAL

A. MARQUIS.

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of the late Mr. EDALIEE NOWROIEE MEHTA and of Mr. SHAPURJEE FRAMJEE feet on Albany Street. Total Area 11,378 | MEHTA in our Firms at Hongkong and Canton

> E. N. MEHTA & Co. Hongkong, 6th August, 1889.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of the Undersigned. in the Firms of Messrs. MEHTA & Co., of Hongkong, Amoy, Foothow,

from the 30th June, 1888 E. N. MEHTA & Co. Hongkong, 6th August, 1880.

TATE. THOMAS EDMUND DAVIES is IVI admitted a PARTNER in our Firm from his date.

HAVE This Day Established myself at this

& Co. as MERCHANT & COMMISSION I have also Opened a Branch House under

Port under the name and Style of PUSTAU

GODOWN and YARD at Howrington known as

out Machinery, the Company's spacious

Hongkong Steam Laundry Co., (Ld.) Hongkong, 24th July, 1889. TO LET, (With Immediate Possession).

formerly occupied by Mr. HAZELAND. AH YON,

Hongkong, 8th July, 1889. HOUSE TO LET AT MACAO. COMMODIOUS FIVE-ROOMED HOUSE in the Largo do Senado, Macao,

Quarters. Furnished throughout with English, American, and Chinese-made furniture. Apply to THEOBALD J. COLLACO.

No. 4. SEYMOUR TERRACE, From 1st June. No. o. SEYMOUR TERRACE. WESTBOURNE VILLAS.

very cool 5 Roomed House with Tennis Court, &c. From 1st September. DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.

TO BE LET. THIRD FLOOR No. 5. Duddeil Street, containing 4 large light and airy rooms, 2 small rooms, and 2 bathrooms. Gas and Water laid on. Rent \$70 per month. Immediate

Hongkong, 11th July, 1889. TO LET.

Court. Possession from the 1st July, 1889. No. 7. Remedios Terrace. Hongkong, 17th June, 1889.

TO LET. TTOUSE No. 2, "SMITH'S VILLAS" Maga-I zine Gap, a spacious five roomed HOUSE, with basement and outhouse, excellent view.

F. BLACKHEAD & Co. Hongkong, 2nd July, 1889. TO LET.

TO. 4. QUEEN'S GARDENS, Rent \$90

G. C. ANDERSON. 13, Praya Central Hongkong, 4th June, 1889.

"THE 'CORNER' IN ROPES." FULL REPORT in Primphlet form of the sensational trial, PG FTS v. RUSTOM-

. To be obtained at Messrs. KELLY & WALSH, LD.; Messrs. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.'s; Mr. W. BREWER'S; the HALL & HOLTZ CO-OPERA-TIVE Co., Ld.; and direct from the Office of "THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH!"

Hongkong, 31st July, 1889.

Hongkong, 31st July, 1889.

NOTICE.

COMMISSION AGENT.

Hongkong, 31st August, 1889.

of June, 1888.

and Taiwanfoo ceased and determined on and

NOTICE.

·DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. Hongkong, 1st July, 1880

the same name in Canton. TIL v. PUSTAU.

Hongkong, 1st Angust, 1880

Apply to

To he Net.

ROM 1st August, 1889, either with or with-

the Hongkong Steam Laundry Company. (Limited). A. O'D. GOURDIN.

EUROPEAN HOUSE at High Street,

No. 80, Praya Central.

with Bath-room, Cook-houses and Servants'

Macao, 7th August, 1889. TO LET. OOMS in "College Chambers."

AT MAGAZINE GAP. "TUSCULUM."-A very comfortable and

Hongkong, 8th July, 1880.

possession. c/o Hongkong Telegraph Office.

AT Bonham Road, "RHEDA," a SIX ROOMED BUNGALOW with Tennis

Expected to be ready 1st August next. Apply to

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

NOW READY.

JEE, together with the history of the "Come !! and other interesting particulars.

PRICEFIFTY CENTS. Hongkong, 16th July, 1889.

Commercial.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS. Hongkong and Shanghai Bank-181 per cent. premium, buyers. Union Insurance Society of Canton-\$100 per

share, buyers. China Traders' Insurance Company-\$81 per share, buyers North China Insurance-Tis, 330 per share,

Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$140 per share, buyers.

Yangtste Insurance Association—Tis. 100 per share. On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tis. 150,

Hongkong Fire Insurance Company -\$385 per China Fire Insurance Company-\$85 per share,

Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company-81 par cent. premium, sellers.

Hougkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co. -\$42 per share, sellers. China and Manila Steam Ship Company-1371

per share. Hongkong Gas Company—\$135 per share, sellers. Hongkong Hotel Company-\$240 per share,

Hongkong Hotel Co.'s Six per-cent. Debentures Indo-China Steam Navigation Company,

Limited—to per cent, dis., sellers, Douglas Steamship Company-\$83 per share, sellers. China Sugar Refining Company, Limited-\$276

per share, sellers. Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited-\$112 per share, sellers.

Hongkong Ice Company—\$124 per share, Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited

-\$Bo per share. Hongliong Dairy Farm Co., Limited-\$16 per share, buyers. A. S. Watson & Co., Limited-\$22 per share,

Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 Bi-21 per cent. premium, sellers... Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 C-5 per cent. premium, buyers.

Chinese Imperial Loan of 1886 E-11 per cent. Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company, Limited-\$150 per share, sellers.

The Hongkong Steam Laundry Co., Ld. \$25 per share, nominal. Punjom and Sunghie Dua Samantan Mining Co. -\$26 per share, sales and buyers.

Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company-\$185 per share, ex. div., sales and sellers. onquin Coal Mining Co .- \$575 per share,

The Venelope High-Level Tramway Co., Limited - 210 per cent. prem., sellers. The fact Borney Prenting Co., Limited - \$50' er sharr, sellers The Songer Keyah Planting Co., Ld.-- \$50 per

abate, buvers: Criteto be used Co. 1st - \$40 per share, nom. The Steam Launch Co., Limited--nominal. . The Austin Arms Hotel and Building Co., Ld. - par, nominal.

The China-Borneo Co., Ld.-\$50 per share, The Hongkong Brick and Cement Co., Ld .-

\$18 per share, sellers. The Green Island Coment Co. (Old issue)-\$45 per share, buvers,

The Green Island Coment Co. (New issue)-\$14 per share, buyers. The Hongkong Land Investment Co., Ld .- \$136

per share, sales and buyers. The Hongkong Electric Light Co., Ld.-\$71 per share, sellers.

Geo. Fenwick & Co., Limited-\$30 per share The West Point Buildings Co., Ld.-\$53 per share, buyers.

The Peak Hotel and Trading Co., Ld.-\$25 per share, buyers. The Labuk Planting Co., Ld.-\$17 per share,

The Jelebu Mining and Trading Co., Ld.-\$7 per share, sellers.

sales and sellers. The Shameen Hotel Co., Ld.-\$8 per share,

The Kowloon Land Investment Co., Ld. -\$25 per share, sellers.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON.-Bank, T. T.3/01 Bank Bills, on demand3/01 Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight3/01. Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight...3/1 Credits at 4 months' sight3/11 Documentary Bills, at 4 months ... ON PARIS,— Bank Bills, on demand......3.82 Credits, at 4 months' sight'3.90

On Demand......2251 ON SHANGHAL -

OPIUM MARKET.-THIS DAY.

OLD MALWA, per picul\$600 (Allowance, Tacls 80). NEW PATNA, (without choice) per chest ... \$517} NEW PATNA, (first choice) per chest \$520 NEW PATNA, (bottom) per chest \$527} NEW PATNA, (second choice), per chest ... \$575 NEW BENARES, (without choice) per chest \$502} NEW BENARES, (bottom) per chest. \$510 NEW PERSIAN (best quality) per picul..... \$550 OLD PERSIAN (best quality) per picul..... \$500 OLD PERSIAN (second quality) per picul... \$475

HONGKONG TEMPERATURE.

(Fr.m Mesers, Geo, Falconer & Co.'s Register,) Paromoter—1 m.m. Barometer - 4 p.m. Thermometer-on, th. hermometer-s p.m. Chermaneter - 4 p.m., Thermometer—9 s.m. (Wet bulb).
Thermometer—1 p.m. (Wet bulb).
Thermometer—4 p.m. (Wet bulb). Thermometer-Maximum Thermometer—Minimum (over night).

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL

REGISTER.

9th August, 1889.—At 4 p.m.							
STATION	Percent Control of Party Control of Part	Temple	Heading.	Dies.	Ports P	Weather	2 E E
Wisdivestock Tekio Negasaki Shanghal Amoy Hongkong	#9.57 #9.84 #9.86 #9.00 #9.82 #9.78	77 236 55 55	:: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: ::	***	0 = 4 = 0	م مرد د ب	0 10 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00
Halphoor	99.58	80	17	8 8W		0.0	### ### (

10th August, 1889.—At 10 a.m.

STATION.	ned to sea level and rao Faht	Tenpas- ture.	Humidity.	Diese.	York P	Westher.	Rain last 84 hours.
Vladivostock okis	90.78	68	φ¢	11.0	•	•	
agasaki	#9.48 #9.91	#14 114	***	EW .		127	***
hanghal	90.85 90.85	34	91	',55E 'H	3	C C	1
fougkong	90 86	8a	13	E ME			0,01
iolinao	34.50 °	83 87	70	15		b	***
fanila'	BO. 34			12	, 1 1	CI	•

The barometer has fallen alightly. Gradients are very gentle. Cloudy, warm, and rather dry weather prevails. t - Barometer reduced to level of the sea in inches, tenths and Harometer reduced to level of the sea in inches, tenths and hundredths, s—Temperature in the shade in degrees, Fahreaheit. 3—Humidity in percentage of saturation, the humidity of air saturated with moisture being 100, 4—Direction of the wind to two points. 5.—Force of the wind according to Beaufort scale, 6—State of the weather, 5 Blue sky, 5 Detached clouds, 5 Drizzling rain, 7 Fog. 5 Gloomy, 5 Hail, 7 Lightning, 5 Overcast, 5 Passing showers, 5 Squally, 7 Rain, 5 Snow, 5 Thunder, w Visibility, w Dow wet), 7—Rain in inches, tenths and hundredths. W. Donzaer. W. DOSERK.

Hongkong Observatory, 10th August, 1880.

MAILS EXPECTED.

THE FRENCH MAIL

Iraouaddy, with the French mail of 12th ultimo, left Singapore on the 7th instant at 5.30 a.m., and may be expected here on or about the 13th. THE AMERICAN MAIL.

The O. & O. S. S Co.'s steamer Gaelic, with mails, &c., from San Francisco to the 20th ulto., lest Yokohama on the 7th instant, and may be expected here on or about the 13th.

THE CANADIAN MAIL: The Canadian Pacific stenmer Abyssinia, with the Canadian mails, left Vancouver on Friday afternoon, the 26th ultimo, for Japan and Hong-

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s extra steamer Nisam, from Bombay, left Singapore on the 5th instant, and is due here on the 11th.

The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s extra steamer Shanghai, from London, left Singapore on the 5th instant at 6 p.m., and is expected here on

The Ocean Steamship Co.'s steamer Bellerophon, from Liverpool, left Singapore on the 6th instant, and is due here on the 12th. The D. D. R. steamer Hesperia, from Hamburg, left Singapore on the 9th "instant, and is

Shipping.

ARRIVALS:

expected here on the 15th.

FEICHING, British steamer, 994, Jas. Price, 9th August,-Whampon oth August, General. -Jaidine, Matheson & Co.

TAISANG, British steamer, 1,505, W. H. Jackson, 10th August,-Shanghai 4th August, and Swatow 9th, General.-Jardine, Matheson & Co. CHIYUEN, Chinese steamer, 1,211, C. R. Null,

10th August,-Shanghai 2nd August, and Amoy 8th, General.-C. M. S. N. Co. YFHSIN, Chinese steamer, 773, Blethen, 10th August,-Newchwang 1st August, and Cheloo 4th, Beans and General, -C. M. S.

PORT FAIRY, British steamer, 1,615. Clark, 10th August -Vancouver, B.C., 16th July, and Yokohama 1st August, General.—Adamson, Bell & Co HANGCHOW, British steamer, 999, Outerbridge,

General,-Butterfield & Swire. CLEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.

Eushili Maru, Japanese steamer, for Kut-Vangisze, German steamer, for Shanghai. Menmuir, British steamer, for Foochow. Feiching, British steamer, for Kobe, &c. Canton, British steamer, for Shanghai. Hailoong, British steamer, for Swatow, &c.

Yohann, French steamer, for Holhow. Orion, Austro-Hungarian str., for Singapore, &c. Goalpara, British steamer, for Amoy.

August 10, Yangisse, German str., for Shanghai. August 10, Prometheus, British steamer, for Singapore, &c. The Selama Tin Mining Co., Ld. -\$32 per share, August 10, Memnon, British steamer, for San- HAYDN BROWN, British bark, 821, C. H. dakan. &c.

August 10, Thames, British steamer, for Singapore, &c. August 10, Orion, Austro-Hungarian str., for Singapore, &c.

August 10, Canton, British str., for Shanghai. August 10, Marie, German steamer, for Hai

PASSENGERS-ARRIVED.

Per Chiyuen, str., from Shanghai, &c .- 29 Per Taisang, str., from Shanghai, &c.-60 Per Yehsin, str., from Newchwang, &c.-2

Per Port Fairy, str., from Vancouver, B.C., &c.-Captain Laird, and 21 Chinese.

Per Yangisze, str., for Shanghai. -20 Chi-Per Canton, str., for Shanghai. -- 50 Chinese, Per Orion, str., for Singapore, &c .- 162 Chi-

TO DEPART. Per Hailoong, str., for Swatow, &c .- 1 Euro.

peans and 100 Chinese. Per Johann, str., for Holhow. -- 30 Chinese. Per Goalpara, str., for Amoy.-100 Chinese. REPORTS.

The British steamship Taisang reports that she left Shanghai on the 4th instant, and Swa- SEA WITCH, American ship, 1,289, Chas. H. tow on the 9th. Had light winds and fine The British steamship Port Pairy reports that she left Vancouver, B.C., on the 19th ulto.

and Yokohama on the 1st instant. Had fine weather throughout, The Chinese steamship Chiyuen reports that she left Shanghai on the 2nd instant, and Amoy

on the 8th. From Shanghai to Amoy had moderate easterly and south-east winds with south-east swell. From Amoy to Hongkong had light variable winds and smooth sea. The Chinese steamship Yoksin reports that

she left Newchwang on the 1st instant. Had moderate south-westerly winds and foggy weather from Newchwang to Cheloo. Left Cheloo on the 3rd, and when within 3 miles of Alcesta Island; sighted the steamship Fungshun beached in a small bay; took her passengers, treasure and opium on board and returned to Chesoo. Left again at 10 a.m. on the 4th, and had calms with light variable winds and fine clear weather

Post Office.

A MAIL WILL CLOSE

For Yokohama, and San Francisco:-Per MACHINERY, GAS ENGINES, SINGER" City of Rio de Janeiro, on Tuesday, the 13th instant, at 0.30 P.M.

For Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama, -Per Verona, on Tuesday, the 13th instant, at 5.00

SHIPPING IN HONGKONG. STRAMERS.

ACTIVA, German steamer, 389, Wulff, 6th Aug. -Iloilo and August, Ballast,-Wieler ACTIV, Danish steamer, 355, Revsbeck, 4th August,—Pakhoi 30th July, and Holhow ard August, General.-Arnhold, Karberg

ASHINGTON, German steamer, 809, Zindel, 5th August,-Iloilo 31st July, Ballast.-Siemssen & Co. CHINA, German steamer, 1,093, P. Haye, 7th August,-Iloilo 3rd August, Ballagt,-

CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO, American steamer, Wm. Ward, and August,-San Francisco 8th July, and Yokobama 27th, Mails and General. -P. M. S. S. Co.

FAME, British steamer, 117, A. Stopani,—Hong kong and Whampoa Dock Co. FUSHIKI MARU, Japanese steamer, 1,119, P. J. C. Franck, 6th August,—Kutchinotzu 2nd August, Coal.-Mitsui Bussan Kaishia. GHAZEE, British steamer, 1,764, A. Scotland, 6th

August, -- Kobe and August, Coals and General.-Gibb, Livingston & Co. The Messageries' Maritimes Co.'s steamer Goalpana, British steamer, 1,355, E.C. Russell, raouaddy, with the French mail of 12th ultimo, 7th August,—Java, and Singapore 31st July, General. - Jardine, Matheson & Co. HAILOONG, British steamer, 783, J. S. Roach 9th August,-Tamsui 5th August, Amor

7th, and Swatow 8th, General. - D. Laprail HAIPHONG, British steamer, 1,122, Harris, 2nd August,-Foochow 30th July, Amoy 31st and Swatow 1st August, General.—D. La praik & Co.

JAPAN, British steamer, 1,865. T. S. Gardner oth August,-Calcutta 21th July, Penant aist, and Singapore 3rd August, Opium and General.—D. Sassoon, Sons & Co. JOHANN, German steamer, 427, H. Binge, 9th

August,-Hoihow 8th August, General,-Wieler & Co. MENELAUS, British steamer, 1,263, R. Nelson 4th August,-Nagasaki 30th July, General

-Butterfield & Swire. MILLFIELD OF WHITBY, British steamer, 1,409, Chas, Kirby, 6th August,-Cardiff 21st June, Coal.—Borneo Co. Monsoon, British steam-yacht, 118, W. Juad,

28th July,-Southampton 18th April, Ballast. NANTES LE HAVRE, French steamer, 1,182 Jacffrey, 8th August,-Kobe 30th July, Coals.—A. R. Marty. PAKSHAN, British steamer, 835, E. F. Stovel,

5th August,-Bangkok 3oth July, General. -Hop Hing Hong. PILOT FISH, British steamer, 161, A. Stopani-Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co. PHUQUIC, French steamer, 183, Vallin, 7th

August, -Haiphong 5th August, Rice. -PROPONTIS, British steamer, 1,387, G. Heasley, oth August,-Nagasaki 4th August, Coals and General.-Mitsui Bussan Kwashia. TIVERTON, British steamer, 1.743, R. White,

head, 15th June,-put back.-Adamson. Bell & Co. VERONA, British steamer, 1,876, Speck, 7th August,-from Yokohama and Nagasaki, Mails and General.—P. & O. S. N. Co.

SAILING VESSELS. ALEXANDER YEATS, British ship, 1,298, J. W. Dunham, 2nd June,—New York 4th Dec., Petroleum,—Order.

AMPHITRITE, German ship, 1,814, A. Bowept, 1 th July,-Cardiff 6th March, Coal.-10th August,-Whampoa 10th August, Australia, British bark, 9 9, Wm. Harris, 11th

June,-Manila 31st May, Ballast.-Mel-CHARGER, American ship, 1,379, D. S. Goodellyn, 28th June, -- san Diego, Cal., 18th April, Ballast. - Russell & Co. COMET, German ship, 1,663 R. Krippner, 21st

July,-Cardiff 15th March, Coals.-Melchers & Co. CONQUEROR, American ship, 1,540, A.D. Lothrop, 17th June,-Anjer 1st June, Ballast.-Reuter, Brockelmann & Co.

ERLKOENIG, Chinese bark, 457, Opium Examina tion hulk, Stonecutters' Island,-Chinese Customs. Gustav Oscar, German bark, 1,352, M. Lee-

mann, 4th July,-Cardiff 25th Feb., Coal.-Melchers & Co. Havener, 21st July,-Iloilo 12th July, Ballast and Sapanwood.—Captain.

HEDVIG, British bark, 376, N. S. Soderman, 3rd August,-Tientsin 6th July, Bones,-Butterfield & Swire. IRENE, American brig, 467, James W. Yates,

11th July,-Newcastle, N.S.W., 10th May, Coal.-Geo. R. Stevens & Co. ITON, French bark, 564, F. Reynier, 7th June,
—Honolulu 20th April, General.—Melchers

JOSEPHUS, American ship, 1,470, T. M. Rogers, 13th June,—Newcastle, N.S.W., 16th April, Coals .- Butterfield & Swire. MABEL TAYER, British ship, 1,298, C. E. Dusha, 2nd June, -Cardiff 6th December, Coal,-

Melchers & Co. MARTHA DAVIS, American bark, 832, Pendleton, 13th June, Tjilatjap 28th April, Ballast. Russell & Co.

NARWHAL, British ship, 1.327, Weston, 4th June,-Kobe 12th May, Coal.-Adamson,

OMEGA, British bark, 480, Brown, 2nd August, -Yokohama 4th June, Ballast,-Order. OSCAR MOOVER, German bark, 360, C. Boysen, 3rd August,-Keelung 15th July, Coal.-

RICHARD PARSONS, American bark, 1,116, W. F. Thorndike, 7th June,-Newcastle 17th April, Coal.-Wieler & Co. Tabbots, -Newcastle, N.S.W., May 21st, Coal.-Ca stain

ELOCITY, British bark, 490, R. Martin, 20th May,-Honolulu 28th March, General.-Reuter, Brockelmann & Co. VIGILANT, American ship, 1,723, Wm. H. Gould, and July,—Amoy 30th June, Kerosene Oil.—Russell & Co.

Untimations,

NOTICE,

THOMAS KERR & Co. ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS CONTRACTORS,

YAU-MA-TI ENGINEERING WORKS. Kowloon. Hongkong, 6th June, 1889.

FOR SALE. AT WHOLESALE PRICES. CACCONES' SHERRY; PORT, CLARET

HOCK, BRANDIES, WHISKIES SEWING MACHINES. SCALES. PAINTS, OILS and VARNISH, BICYCLES and For Kobe and Yokohama. - Per Nantes & TRICYCLES. SODA WATER MACHINERY Havre, on Tuesday, the 13th instant, at 2.30 | JEYE'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS.

.W. G. HUMPHREYS & Co., Bank Buildings. Hongkong, 19th June, 1888.

STEAMERS EXPECTED IN HONGKONG. STEAMERS. FROM. DATE DUE. AGENTS. Bombay...... August 11th P. & O. S. N. Co. London August 11th P. & O. S. N. Co. Liverpool August 12th Butterfield & Swire. San Francisco August 13th O. & O. S. S. Co. Iraouaddy Marseilles August 14th Messageries Maritimes. Hamburg August 15th Siemssen & Co. Northern...... Hamburg August 15th Russell & Co. Abyssinia Vancouver August 24th Adamson, Bell & Co.

STEAMERS LOADING IN HONGKONG

DESTINATION.	VESSELS.	AGENTS.	DATE OF LEAVING.		
Marseilles, via Saigon, &c. Bremen, via Ports of Call. Havre and Hamburg New York, via Suez Canal. San Francisco, via A., &c San Francisco, via Y'hama Vancouver, B.C., via K., &c. Australian Ports, via F Calcutta, via Straits Yokohama, via Nag., &c Kobe and Yokohama Tientsin Shanghai, via Amoy Shanghai Foochow Swatow, Amoy, &c Swatow, Amoy, &c	Electra Electra Benlawers City of Rio de Janeiro Gaelic Port Fairy Ghazee Japan Verona Nantes le Havre Sungkiang Bellerophon Yangtsze Menmuir Pakshan	Melchers & Co. Siemssen & Co. Gibb, Livingston & Co. Pacific Mall S. S. Co. O. & O. S. S. Co. Adamson, Bell & Co. Gibb, Livingston & Co. D. Sassoon, Sons & Co. P. & O. S. N. Co. A. R. Marty Butterfield & Swire. Butterfield & Swire. Siemssen & Co. Russell & Co. Hon Hing Hong	Aug. 28th, at 4 p.m. Aug. 19th, at noon. About Aug. 12th. Aug. 13th, at noon. Aug. 26th, at 1 p.m. Aug. 26th, at 1 p.m. Aug. 15th, at noon. Quick despatch. Aug. 14th, at noon. Aug. 14th, daylight. Aug. 13th, at 3 p.m. August 18th. August 14th. August 14th. Aug. 12th, at 4 p.m. To-morrow, daylight		

Intimations.

A. HAHN TUNER AND REPAIRER. ON HIRE

PIANO Address: c/o HONGKONG HOTEL or No. 25, CAINE ROAD.

Hongkong, 24th December, 1888.

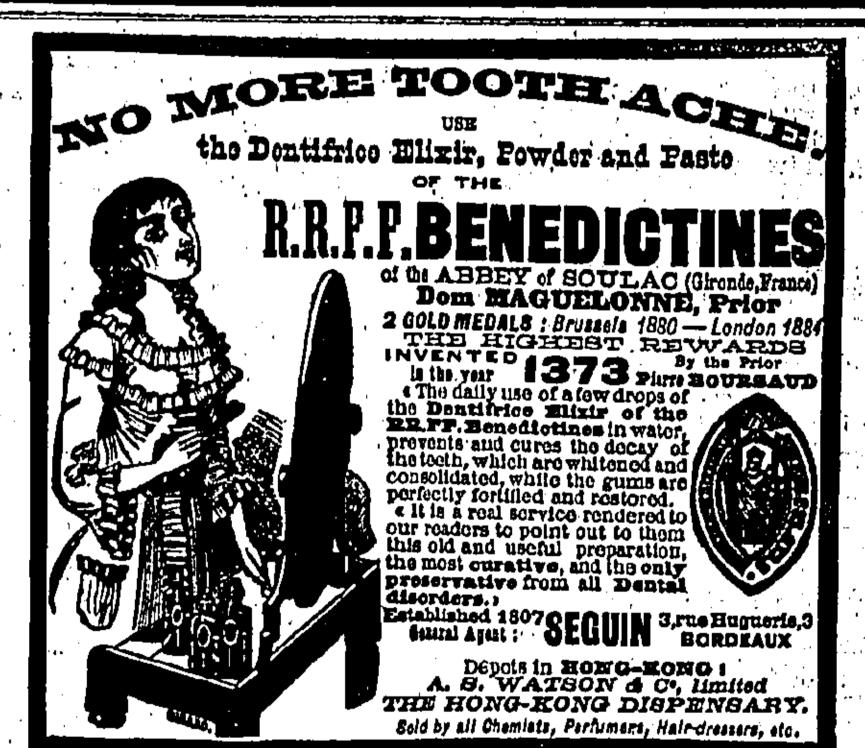
The PRODUCTS of

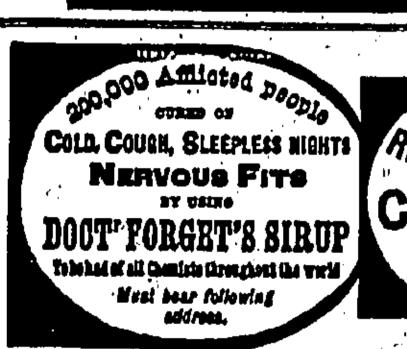
207, rue Saint-Honoré, PARIS Such as : ORIZA-OIL, E88.ORIZA, ORIZA-LACTÉ, CRÉME-ORIZA

ORIZA-VELOUTÉ, ORIZA-TONICA, ORIZALINE, ORIZA-SOAP HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFUL IN OBTAINING THE PATRONAGE OF THE PUBLIC BECAUSE : 1. Their manufacture is supervised with the greatest care; 2 Their qualities are unalterable and their scents are sweet.

AS THESE PRODUCTS ORIZA ARE COUNTERFEITED to live upon their reputation we warn Consumers not to let themselves be deceived. The GENUINE PRODUCTS are sold at all respectable firm of Perfumers and Orugoists.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE SENT FREE FROM PARIS





36 Mue Vivienne CHABLE PARIS.

d Amioted Decrie GONORRHOZA, WHITES SENINAL LOSSES DEBILITY, EXHAUSTION, CHABLE'S CITRATE OF IRON To be had of all respectable therefore Must beer following

Unorr's ANTIPYRINE.

(Dose for Adults 18 to 85 grains troy). TS the most approved and most efficacious remedy in cases of HEADACHE, MIGRAINE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FEVER, TYPHUS, ERYSIPELAS, HOOPING COUGH, and many other complaints. It is also the very best Antiseptic. Highly recommended by the medical Faculty. To be had at every reputed Chemist and Druggist. Ask for Dr. KNORR'S ANTIPYRINE! Each Tin bears the inventor's signature "Dr. KNORR" in red letters.

LEMBKE & Co., Hongkong and Shanghai-Sole Agents for China. Beware of spurious imitations i Hongkong 29th May, 1889.

HONGKONG TIMBER YARD, WANCHAI. REGON PINE SPARS and LUMBER

Always on Hand. L. MALLORY. Hongkong, 24th June, 1881.

NOTICE.

DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

CHIPMASTERS AND ENGINEERS are respectfully informed that, if upon their arrival in this HARBOUR none of the COMPANY'S FOREMEN should be at hand, ORDERS FOR REPAIRS, if sent to the HEAT OFFICE, No. 14. Praya Central, will receive prompt attention.

In the event of complaints being found Supplies constantly on hand at JUSTUS necessary, communication with the Undersigned Is requested, when immediate steps will be taken to rectify the cause of dissatisfaction.

> D. GILLIES, Hongkong, 15th August, 1885

Intimations.

INTIMATION.

F. Blackhead & Co. SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAIL-MAKERS,

PROVISION MERCHANTS, NAVY CONTRACTORS.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS. No. 11. Praya Central,

(Opposite Pedder's Wharf).

RAHTJEN'S GENUINE

THE BOTTOMS OF IRON SHIPS CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS PRESERVATIVE AGAINST



SAPOLIO. **ENOCH MORGAN'S SON'S** SAPOLIO

FOR GENERAL CLEANING PURPOSES. CHR. MOTZ & Co., BORDEAUX CLARETS. MAX HAASEN'S FRANKFURT on M.

CONSERVED MEATS. VEGETABLES and FRUIT. CEMENT from the celebrated Factory of Hem-SWEDISH TAR and OREGON PINE

LUMBER. FLENSBURG STOCKBEER ENGINEERS' AND BLACKSMITHS' MACHINERY AND TOOLS, EVERY KIND OF SHIP'S STORES AND PROUISITES

ALWAYS IN STOCK

REASONABLE PRICES.

ALL KINDS OF SUPPLIED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE Hongkong, 26th June, 1889.

FOR SALE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL WATERBURY WATCHES, the Handiest, Cheapest, and Best. Time-keepers invented. \$3 PRICE THREE DOLLARS EACH \$8

REPAIRS NEVER EXCEED 50 CENTS for each Watch. Orders from Outports to be accompanied with Remittance for Cost. THE MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHIA (Sole Agents in Japan, and China for the Sale of the above Watches,) 10. QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

Hongkong, 20th August, 1888 NOTICE.

Opposite Marine House.

JEYE'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS COMPANY, LIMITED.

JEYE'S WOOD PRESERVER OR ANTISEPTIC PAINT.

THE Undersigned have this day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale of these PERFECT DISINFECTANTS, and are prepared to supply quantities to suit purchasers, at Wholesale Prices, Extra Special terms for Shipping and large Orders. Sir ROBERT RAWLINSON, C.B., C.E., Chief Sanitary Engineer, Local Government Board

London, says "It is the best Disinfectant in use." W. G. HUMPHREYS & Co., Bank Buildings.

Hanckand roth June, 1888. CHS. J. GAUPP & CO., HRONOMETER, WATCH, and CLOCK-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, and OPTICIANS, CHARTS and BOOKS. NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Sole Agents for Louis Audemars! Watches's

awarded the highest Prizes at every Exhibition;

CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES,

and for Voigtländer and Sohn's

MARINE GLASSES and SPYGLASSES. No. 8. Ouecn, a Road Central. [734 G. FALCONER & CO. TATCH and CHRONOMETER MANU-FACTURERS and JEWELLERS. NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS and BOOKS.

No. 18: Onemis Road Central (742) TTONGKONG HIGH LEVEL TRAM. WAYS COMPANY, LTD. TIME TABLE.

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